

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT-SECTION I

GROWW LIQUID FUND

(An open ended liquid scheme. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk.)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer
High level of liquidity with commensurate returns over short term.		As per AMFI Tier I Benchmark i.e CRISIL Liquid Debt A-I Index
 Through investment in money market & debt securities with maturity of upto 91days. Low to Moderate Risk 	MODERATE MODERATELY SCOW TO MODERATE VETTY HIGH RISKOMETER	MODERATE MODERATELY HIGH NOORRATE NOOM RISKOMETER
	Scheme Benchmark is at Low to Moderate Risk	Benchmark Risk-o-meter is at Moderate Risk

^{*}Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Potential Risk Class Matrix:

Credit Risk	Relatively Low	Moderate	Relatively High
Interest Rate Risk	(Class A)	(Class B)	(Class C)
Relatively Low (Class I)		B-I	
Moderate (Class II)			
Relatively High (Class III)			

Continuous offer for Units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund	Groww Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Groww Asset Management Limited (CIN: U65991KA2008PLC180894) Registered Office: Vaishnavi Tech Park, South Tower, 3rd Floor, Survey No.16/1 and 17/2, Ambalipura Village, Varthur Hobli, Bellandur, Bangalore South, Bangalore- 560103, Karnataka, India Tel: (011) 3025 2900;
Name of Trustee Company	Groww Trustee Company Limited (CIN: U65991KA2008PLC183561) Registered Office: Vaishnavi Tech Park, South Tower, 3rd Floor, Survey No.16/1 and 17/2, Ambalipura Village, Varthur Hobli, Bellandur, Bangalore South, Bangalore- 560103, Karnataka, India.



Corporate Office	1202A - 12A Floor, One World Centre, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400013, Maharashtra Tele-+91 22 69744435
Website	<u>www.growwmf.in</u>

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Groww Mutual Fund (formerly known as Indiabulls Mutual Fund), Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.growwmf.in.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated June 26, 2024.



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PART I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the scheme	GROWW LIQUID FUND
II.	Category of the Scheme	Liquid Fund
III.	Scheme type	An open ended liquid scheme. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk.
IV.	Scheme code	INDB/O/D/LIF/11/10/0001
V.	Investment objective	To provide a high level of liquidity with returns commensurate with low risk through a portfolio of money market & debt securities with maturity of upto 91days. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.
VI.	Liquidity	The Scheme offers Units for Subscription and Redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis, commencing not later than 5 business days from the date of Allotment. Under normal circumstances the AMC shall dispatch the Redemption proceeds within 3 Working Days from date of receipt of request from the Unit holder.
	Listing details	Since units of the Scheme will be offered for subscription and redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis providing the required liquidity to investors, units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the units of the Scheme on any stock exchange(s) at its sole discretion at a later date.
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	As per AMFI Tier I benchmark CRISIL Liquid Debt A-I Index
		The Scheme intends to invest in a portfolio of instruments which is best captured by CRISIL Liquid Debt A-I Index. CRISIL Liquid Debt A-I Index is a realistic estimate to track the returns of a Liquid Fund at a particular return and risk level and hence is used as a benchmark by most market participants. The Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark for the evaluation of the performance of the Scheme from time to time, keeping in mind the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the benchmark, subject to the Regulations and other prevalent guidelines.
VIII.		The AMC will calculate the NAVs for all the Business Days. The NAV of the Scheme shall be published at least in two daily newspapers on all Business Days. The Asset Management Company ("AMC") shall update the NAVs on the Association of Mutual Funds in India ("AMFI") website (www.amfiindia.com)



		before 11.00 p.m. every Business Day. The NAV will also be available on AMC website (www.growwmf.in). If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV. Further Details in Section II.
IX.	Applicable timelines	Dispatch of redemption proceeds, Dispatch of redemption proceeds shall be completed within a period of 03 working days from the date of receipt of redemption request. Dispatch of IDCW IDCW warrants shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 07 working days of the date of declaration of the IDCW

X. Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme

The Scheme offers following two plans for investment into the Scheme:

- **A. Direct Plan:** This Plan is suitable for investors who wish to invest directly in the scheme without routing their investment through any distributor. The Direct Plan shall have lower expense ratio compared to the Regular Plan and no commission shall be paid out of the Direct Plan.
- **B. Regular Plan:** This Plan is suitable for investors who wish to invest in the Scheme through any distributor. This Plan shall have higher expense ratio compared to the Direct Plan and distributor commission may be paid out of this Plan.

The Direct Plan and Regular Plan shall have separate NAVs. However, there will be a common portfolio for both plans. The various options available under the Direct Plan and Regular Plan and the salient features common to both plans are given below.

Options: The Scheme has the following Options across a common portfolio:

Growth Option: This option is suitable for investors who are not looking for current income but who invest only with the intention of capital appreciation. However, there can be no assurance of the capital appreciation.

IDCW Option: This option is suitable for investors seeking income through IDCW declared by the Scheme. Under this Option, the Scheme will endeavour to declare IDCWs from time to time. The IDCW shall be dependent on the availability of distributable surplus.

The IDCW Option has the following Facilities:

- •Groww Liquid Fund- Direct Plan- IDCW Option (Reinvestment)
- Groww Liquid Fund Direct Plan- Weekly IDCW Option (Payout & Reinvestment)
- •Groww Liquid Fund Direct Plan- Fortnightly IDCW Option (Payout & Reinvestment)
- •Groww Liquid Fund Direct Plan- Monthly IDCW Option (Payout & Reinvestment)
- Groww Liquid Fund Regular Plan- IDCW Option (Reinvestment)



		•Groww Liquid Fund - Regular Plan- Weekly - Weekly IDCW Option (Payout &
		Reinvestment) •Groww Liquid Fund - Regular Plan- Fortnightly IDCW Option (Payout & Reinvestment)
		•Groww Liquid Fund - Regular Plan- Monthly IDCW Option (Payout & Reinvestment)
		In cases where the investor fails to opt for a particular Option at the time of investment, the default Option will be Growth. If the investor chooses IDCW Option and fails to mention facility / frequency then the default facility will be Reinvestment and the default frequency will be monthly.
		If IDCW payable under IDCW Payout option is equal to or less than Rs. 250/- then the IDCW would be compulsorily reinvested in the option of the Scheme
		The amounts can be distributed under Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW) out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains. However, investors are requested to note that amount (IDCW) distribution under IDCW option is not guaranteed and subject to availability of distributable surplus.
		A clear segregation between income distribution (appreciation on NAV) and capital distribution (Equalization Reserve) shall be suitably disclosed in the Consolidated Account Statement provided to the investors, whenever distributable surplus is distributed.
XI.	Load Structure	Exit Load: w.e.f. October 19, 2019
		Investor exit upon subscriptio n* Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5 Day 6 Day 7
		Exit Load 0.0070 0.0065 0.0060 0.0055 0.0050 0.0045 0.0000 as a % of redemption proceeds % % % % % % % % %
		The date of applicable NAV towards redemption units shall be considered for calculating the number of subscription days
		Upfront commission shall be paid directly by the investor to the ARN Holder (AMFI registered Distributor) based on the investors' assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the ARN Holder.
XII.	Minimum Applicatio Amount/switch in	onDuring NFO: Rs. 1000/-
	a mound switch in	On a continuous basis: Rs. 100 and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter Minimum amount for Daily SIP facility shall be Ps. 10/- and in multiples of Ps. 1/- thereof
		shall be Rs 10/- and in multiples of Re 1/- thereof



XIII. XIV.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non maintenance: The minimum balance to be maintained by the investor in the Scheme will be Rs. 5,000. If in the event of a redemption, the outstanding balance falls below the minimum balance required, the AMC reserves the right to redeem the balance amount/units outstanding. Rs. 100 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter. Rs. 100/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter or account balance, whichever is lower. In case of investors/ unitholders having available balance less than Rs. 5,000 in their respective folio on the day of submission of valid redemption request, AMC reserves the right to redeem the full available balance.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period	The Scheme has already been launched. The date of inception is 25 th October, 2011
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price:	The Scheme has already been launched
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	Provisions wrt segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure has not been included.
XVIII	Swing pricing disclosure	The said framework forms part of the SID. For Details, kindly refer SAI
XIX.	Stock lending/short selling	The Scheme shall invest in stock lending/short selling as per the Asset Allocation. For Details, kindly refer SAI
XX.	How to Apply & Other details	Investors may obtain Key Information Memorandum (KIM) along with the application forms from the AMC offices or Customer Service Centers of the Registrar or may be downloaded from www.growwmf.in (AMC's website). Please refer to the SAI and Application Form for the instructions. An Application Form accompanied by a payment instrument issued from a bank account other than that of the Applicant / Investor will not be accepted except in certain circumstances. For further details, please refer paragraph —Non – acceptance of Third Party Payment Instruments for subscriptions / investments under the section —How to Apply in SAI.
		Bank Details: In order to protect the interest of Unit holders from fraudulent encashment of redemption / IDCW cheques, SEBI has made it mandatory for investors to provide their bank details viz. name of bank, branch, address, account type and number, etc. to the Mutual Fund. Applications without complete bank details shall be rejected. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques / warrants and / or any delay / loss in transit. Also, please refer to point on Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio given elsewhere in this document.
		Where can applications for subscription/redemption/ switches be submitted:



Investors can submit the application forms for purchase or redemption or switch at any of the Official Points of Acceptance, details of which are mentioned on the back cover page of this document.

Investors are requested to note that an Application Form accompanied by a payment instrument issued from a bank account other than that of the Applicant / Investor will not be accepted except in certain circumstances. For further details, please refer paragraph —Non – acceptance of Third Party Payment Instruments for subscriptions / investments under the section —How to Apply in SAI

Details in Section II

XXII. Investor services

The investors are requested to take note that, pursuant to SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-1/P/CIR/2023/145 dated July 31, 2023, read along with circular dated August 04, 2023, a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal") has been introduced to provide investors / unit holders with a mechanism to redress their grievances.

The ODR Portal allows investors / unitholders with additional mechanism to resolve the grievances through online conciliation and online arbitration. The link to access ODR Portal is as follows: https://smartodr.in/login

Investors can enquire about NAVs, Unit Holdings, Valuation, IDCWs, etc. or lodge any service request at our investor support number - 8050180222 of the AMC.

In order to protect confidentiality of information, the service representatives at the AMC's branches/KFin Technologies Limited ISCs may require personal information of the investor for verification of his identity. The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any investor grievances promptly.

Investor grievances should be addressed to the ISC of the AMC, or at KFin Technologies Limited's ISC directly. All grievances received at the ISC of the AMC will then be forwarded to KFin Technologies Limited, if required, for necessary action. The complaints will closely be followed up with KFin Technologies Limited by the AMC to ensure timely redressal and prompt investor service.

Investors can also address their queries to the below details:

Investor Support Number – 8050180222

Investor Support Email Id – support@growwmf.in

Incase investor's query is not resolved satisfactorily, then he/she can address the query to the Investor Relations Officer:

Mr. Krishnam Thota (**Investor Relations Officer**) **Corporate Office** - 1202A - 12A Floor, One World Centre, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400013, Maharashtra



	Email: iro@growwmf.in
Specific attribute of the scheme	An open ended liquid scheme. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk. hence not applicable.
Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	The Special Products / Facilities available under the Scheme, are: i. Systematic Investment Plan [SIP] ii. Daily SIP Facility iii. Systematic Transfer Plan[STP] iv. Systematic Withdrawal Plan[SWP] v. IDCW Sweep Facility vi. Transactions by Fax/ Email vii. Transactions through Electronic Mode viii. K-TRACK' for transaction in the units of Groww Mutual Functowards additional purchase, redemption or switch ix. Transactions through Stock Exchange Platform for Mutual Funds x. Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio xi. Through Cash Payment xii. Transactions Through MF Utility xiii. MFCentral as Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions (OPAT) Systematic Investment Plan (SIP): This facility enables investors to save and invest periodically over a longer period of time. It is a convenient way to "invest as you earn" and affords the investor are opportunity to enter the market regularly, thus averaging the acquisition cost of Units Under Daily SIP, the investor can invest a fixed amount into the scheme on a daily basis. The minimum amount under Daily SIP facility shall be Rs 100/- and in multiples of Re 1/- thereof. Further, the minimum instalment for Daily SIP facility shall be for 6 months. Daily SIP instalment shall be processed only when it is a Business Day for the scheme. If end date is not specified or is opted as "Perpetual", Daily SIP will be registered till December 2099 or end date of mandate/tenure of the scheme, whichever is earlier. It is to be noted that though the SIP frequency is daily, allotment of units are subject to realization of credit in the scheme. In case, if more than one SIP instalments credits are realized on a particular day, both the instalments will be processed for the applicable NAV in terms of the provisions of the Scheme Information Document (SID). The conditions for investing in SIP will be as follows: SIP Frequency: Monthly and Quarterly; Minimum SIP installment amount: Monthly: Rs. 100/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter and Q
	Special product/facility available during the NFO and on



In case of the auto debit facility, the default options (where auto debit period, frequency and SIP date are not indicated) will be as follows:

- SIP auto debit period: The SIP auto debit will continue till 5 years.
- SIP date: 15th of the month (commencing 30 daysafter the first SIP installment date); and
- SIP frequency: Monthly

The load structure prevailing at the time of submission of the SIP application [whether fresh or extension] will apply for all the installments indicated in such application;

All the cheques/ payment instructions [including the first cheque/payment instruction] shall be of equal amounts in case of SIP applications;

Investors may also choose to invest any lumpsum amount along with the first SIP installment by way of a single cheque/ payment instruction. However, in such a scenario, the minimum amount of the first cheque/payment instruction has to be Rs. 5,000/-

Investors will have the right to discontinue the SIP facility at any time by sending a written request to any of the Official Point(s) of Acceptance. Notice of such discontinuance should be received at least 30 days prior to the due date of the next debit. On receipt of such request, the SIP facility will be terminated. It is clarified that if the Fund fails to get the proceeds for three consecutive Installments out of a continuous series of Installments submitted at the time of initiating a SIP), the AMC reserves the right to discontinue the SIP.

Investors can avail of the SIP facility during the NFO period as well. However, in such a case the SIP must be through the ECS or Direct Debit. The first investment in SIP during the NFO shall be through a cheque only.

Systematic Transfer Plan (STP):

This facility enables unitholders to transfer a fixed specified amount from one openended scheme of the Fund (source scheme) to another open-ended scheme of the Fund (target scheme), in existence at the time of availing the facility of STP, at applicable NAV, subject to the minimum investment criteria of the target scheme. Investors can opt for the Systematic Transfer Plan by investing a lump sum amount in one scheme of the fund and providing a standing instruction to transfer sums at regular intervals. Investors could also opt for STP from an existing account by quoting their account / folio number. However, units marked under lien or pledged in the source scheme shall not be eligible for STP.

The conditions for investing in STP will be as follows:

At the time of availing / registering for the STP facility, the minimum invested amount in the source scheme should be Rs. 12,000.

STP Frequency: Daily, Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly

Minimum STP installment amount: Rs. 500/- per installment and in multiples of Re.1/-thereafter for Daily/ Weekly/ Monthly/ Quarterly;

Minimum No. of STP installments:

Daily - 4 installments

Weekly - 4 installments



Monthly - 4 installments Quarterly - 4 installments

STP Dates:

Weekly option - On every Friday of the week

Monthly/ Quarterly option -2^{nd} , 8^{th} , 15^{th} or 23^{rd} of the month/ of any month in the quarter

Registration period: A minimum period of 8 business days shall be required for registration under STP.

The default options (where the period, frequency and STP date are not indicated) will be as follows:

STP frequency: Monthly
STP period: 12 instalments.
STP date: 15th of every month.

Unitholder may change the amount (but not below the minimum specified amount) / frequency by giving written notice to any of the Official Point(s) of Acceptance at least 8 business days prior to next STP execution date. Units will be allotted/redeemed at the applicable NAV of the respective dates of the Scheme on which such investments/withdrawals are sought from the Scheme.

The STP may be terminated on a written notice of 8 business days by a unitholder of the Scheme. The STP will be automatically terminated if all units are liquidated or withdrawn from the source scheme or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of the unitholder.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP):

This facility enables unitholders to withdraw a fixed sum (subject to tax deduction at source, if applicable) by redemption of units in the unitholder's account at regular intervals through a one-time request.

The conditions for investing in SWP will be as follows:

At the time of availing / registering for the SWP facility, the minimum invested amount in the source scheme should be Rs. 17,000.

SWP Frequency: Monthly;

Minimum SWP installment amount: Monthly: Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re.1/-thereafter:

Minimum No. of SWP installments: monthly - 12 installments [including the first SWP];

SWP Dates: 2nd, 8th, 15th or 23rd of every month as the STP date (in case any of these days fall on a non-business day, the transaction will be effected on the next business day of the Scheme).

Registration period: A minimum period of 8 calendar days shall be required for registration under SWP.

The default options (where the period, frequency and SWP date are not indicated) will be as follows:

• SWP period: The SWP will continue till 5 years.



• SWP date: 15th of every month.

Unit holder may change the amount (but not below the minimum specified amount) / frequency by giving written notice to any of the Official Point(s) of Acceptance at least 8 calendar days prior to next SWP execution date.

The SWP may be terminated on a written notice of 8 calendar days by a unitholder of the Scheme.

SWP will be automatically terminated if all units are liquidated or withdrawn from the Scheme or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of the unitholder.

The Load Structure prevailing at the time of submission of the STP/SWP application will apply for all the installments indicated in such application.

The AMC reserves the right to introduce SIP/STP/SWP at any other frequencies or on any other dates as the AMC may feel appropriate from time to time.

IDCW Sweep Facility

IDCW Sweep facility shall be in addition to the existing IDCW Payout and IDCW Reinvestment Option. Default IDCW Option shall be IDCW Payout.

Under IDCW Sweep Facility, Unit holders can opt for switching the IDCW earned under any Schemes (Source Scheme) of Groww Mutual Fund into any other Schemes (Target Scheme) of Groww Mutual Fund. The IDCW (net of applicable DDT, if any) shall be swept subject to minimum investment eligibility requirements of the Target Scheme at applicable NAV based prices.

The minimum amount for sweep out to be Rs. 500/-. In case the sweep amount is less than Rs. 500/-, the IDCW amount shall be reinvested in the Source scheme. This facility shall be processed on the record date of the IDCW declared under the Source Scheme. Further, this facility shall not allow for switch of partial IDCW or switch of IDCW to multiple schemes. In case the investor fails to specify his preference of Option for the Target scheme into which the IDCW has to be swept, Sweep-in amount shall be invested in default plan / option as mentioned in Scheme Information Document (SID) of Target scheme.

Transactions by Fax/ Email:

In order to facilitate quick processing of transaction and / or instruction of investment of investor the Mutual Fund / AMC / Trustee may (at its sole discretion and without being obliged in any manner to do so and without being responsible and /or liable in any manner whatsoever), accept and process any application, supporting documents and /or instructions submitted by an investor/ Unit holder by facsimile (Fax Submission) or by email support@growwmf.in _and the investor/Unit holder voluntarily and with full knowledge takes and assumes any and all risk associated therewith. The Mutual Fund / AMC/ Trustee shall have no obligation to check or verify the authenticity or accuracy of fax submission or email purporting to have been sent by the investor and may act thereon as if same has been duly given by the investor.

In all cases the investor will have to immediately submit the original documents / instruction to AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Official Points of Acceptance unless indemnified by the investor.



Transactions through Electronic Mode:

The Mutual Fund may (at its sole discretion and without being obliged in any manner to do so and without being responsible and /or liable in any manner whatsoever), allow transactions in Units by electronic mode (web/ electronic transactions) including transactions through the various web sites with which the AMC would have an arrangement from time to time. Subject to the investor fulfilling certain terms and conditions as stipulated by AMC from time to time, the AMC, Mutual Fund, Registrar or any other agent or representative of the AMC, Mutual Fund, the Registrar may accept transactions through any electronic mode including web transactions and as permitted by SEBI or other regulatory authorities from time to time.

Introduction of additional facility 'K-TRACK' for transaction in the units of Groww Mutual Fund towards additional purchase, redemption or switch:

Investor may take note of additional facility for transaction in Groww Mutual Fund through K-TRACK; mobile application provided by KFin Technologies Ltd Investors may execute additional purchase, redemption or switch transaction through K-TRACK mobile application.

Investors can avail the K-TRACK service w.e.f. January 09, 2017.

The AMC reserves the right to alter/ discontinue all / any of the abovementioned special facility (ies) at any point of time. Further, the AMC reserves the right to introduce more special facility (ies) at a later date subject top reviling SEBI Guidelines and Regulations.

Transactions through Stock Exchange Platform for Mutual Funds

- Mutual Fund Distributor registered with Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) and who has been permitted by the concerned recognised stock exchange will be eligible to use NMF-II platform of National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. ('NSE') and/or of BSE Star MF platform of Bombay Stock Exchange ('BSE') to purchase and redeem units of schemes of the Fund directly from Groww Mutual Fund in physical (non-demat) mode and/or demat (electronic) mode.
- MF distributors shall not handle pay out/pay in of funds as well as units on behalf of investor. Pay in will be directly received by recognized clearing corporation and payout will be directly made to investor's account. In the same manner, units shall be credited and debited directly from the demat account of investors.
- Non-demat transactions are also permitted through stock exchange platform.
- The facility of transacting in mutual fund schemes through stock exchange infrastructure is available subject to such operating guidelines, terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the respective Stock Exchanges from time to time.



Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio:

An Investor can register with the Fund upto 5 bank accounts in case of individuals and HUFs and upto 10 in other cases.

Registering of Multiple Bank Accounts will enable the Fund to systematically validate the pay-in of funds and avoid acceptance of third party payments. For the purpose of registration of bank account(s), Investor should submit Bank Mandate Registration Form (available at the CSCs/ AMC Website) together with any of the following documents:

□ Cancelled original cheque leaf in respect of bank account to be registered where the account number and names of the account holders are printed on the face of the cheque; or

☐ Bank statement or copy of Bank Pass Book page with the Investor's Bank Account number, name and address.

The above documents will also be required for change in bank account mandate submitted by the Investor. The AMC will register the Bank Account only after verifying that the sole/ first joint holder is the holder / one of the joint holders of the bank account. In case if a copy of the above documents is submitted, Investor shall submit the original to the AMC/ Service Centre for verification and the same shall be returned.

In case of Multiple Registered Bank Account, Investor may choose one of the registered bank accounts for the credit of redemption/ IDCW proceeds (being —Payout bank account).

Investor may however, specify any other registered bank accounts for credit of redemption proceeds at the time of requesting for the redemption. Investor may change such Pay-out Bank account, as necessary, through written instructions.

However, if request for redemption is received together with a change of bank account (unregistered new bank account) or before verification and validation of new bank account, the redemption request would be processed to the currently registered default old bank account.

Change of Bank Mandate:

Investors are requested to note the following process shall be adopted for Change of Bank Mandate in the folio:

- a) Investors shall submit duly filled in "Non Financial Transaction Form & Multiple Bank Accounts Registration Form" along with the prescribed documents at any of the AMC branches / ISCs of Karvy.
- b) Any unregistered bank account or a new bank account forming part of redemption request shall not be processed.
- c) There shall be a cooling period of 10 calendar days for validation and registration of new bank account. Further, in case of receipt of redemption request during this cooling period, the validation of bank mandate and dispatch of redemption proceeds



shall be completed within a period of 03 working days from the date of receipt of redemption request.

- d) In the interim, redemptions/ IDCW payments, if any, will be processed as per specified service standards and the last registered bank account information will be used for such payments to Unit holders.
- e) In case, the request for change in bank account information being invalid/incomplete/ dissatisfactory in respect of signature mismatch/ document insufficiency/not complying with any requirements as stated above, the request for such change will not be processed.

Change of Address:

For KYC complied folios will ONLY be done via KYC Registration Agency (KRA). Investors are requested to note of the following documents shall be submitted alongwith duly filled in "Non Financial Transaction Form" for Change of Address:

- Proof of new address (POA) and
- Any other document/ form that the KRA may specify form time to time.

The above documents will be forwarded to KRA for updation in their record. The selfattested copies of above stated documents shall be submitted along with original for verification at any of the AMC branches/ Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of Karvy. The original document shall be returned to the investors over the counter upon verification. In case the original of any document is not produced for verification, then the copies should be properly attested/ verified by entities authorized for attesting/verification of the documents. List of admissible documents for POA & POI mentioned in paragraph 16.2.4.4(b) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023 shall be considered

Through Cash Payment:

As per paragraph 16.7.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023, cash payment to the extent of Rs.50,000/- per investor, per Mutual Fund, per financial year will be accepted (even from such small investors who may not be tax payers and may not have Permanent Account Number (PAN)/ bank accounts. Such investment in cash shall be subject to compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Rules framed there under; the SEBI Circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable AML rules, regulations and Guidelines.

For further details please refer to paragraph on Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts, Change of Bank Mandate and Change of Address in respect of an Investor Folio in the SAI.

The AMC reserves the right to alter/ discontinue all / any of the abovementioned special product(s)/ facility(ies) at any point of time. Further, the AMC reserves the right to introduce more special product(s) / facility(ies) at a later date subject to prevailing SEBI Guidelines and Regulations.

Transactions Through MF Utility ("MFU"):

The AMC has entered into an Agreement with MF Utilities India Private Limited ("MFUI"), a "Category II - Registrar to an Issue" under SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, for usage of MF Utility ("MFU") a



"Shared Services" initiative formed by the Asset Management Companies of SEBI registered Mutual Funds under the aegis of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). MFU acts as a transaction aggregation portal for enabling transaction in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument. Both financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Scheme(s) of Groww Mutual Fund ('the Fund') can be done through MFU at the authorized Points of Service ("POS") of MFUI. The details of POS with effect from the respective dates published on MFU website at www.mfuindia.com will be considered as Official Point of Acceptance (OPA) for transactions in the Scheme(s) of the Fund.

Additionally, such transactions can also be carried out electronically on the online transaction portal of MFU at www.mfuonline.com as and when such a facility is made available by MFUI and that the same will be considered OPA for transactions in the Scheme(s) of the Fund.

The key features of MFU are:

- 1. Investors will be required to obtain Common Account Number ("CAN") for transacting through MFU.
- 2. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form (CRF) and necessary documents at the Point of Service (POS) of MFUI. The AMC and/ or CAMS, Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Fund shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors / distributors through MFU.
- 3. Investors will be allotted a CAN, a single reference number for all investments across Mutual Funds, for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds through MFU and to map existing folios, if any.
- 4. Currently, the transactions facilitated through MFU for the investors are:
- (i) CAN registration;
- (ii) Submission of documents to KRAs for KYC Registration;
- (iii) Financial transactions like Purchases, Redemptions and Switches, Registration of Systematic Transactions like Systematic Investments (SIP) using a single Mandate, Systematic Withdrawals (SWP) and Systematic Transfers (STP);
- (iv) Non-financial transactions (NFT) like Bank Account changes, facilitating change of address through KRAs etc. based on duly signed written requests from the Investors.
- 5. The CRF and other relevant forms for transacting thorugh MFU can be downloaded from MFUI website at www.mfuindia.com or can be obtained from MFUI POS.
- 6. Investors transacting through MFU shall be deemed to have consented to exchange of information viz. personal and / or financial (including the changes, if any) between the Fund / AMC and MFUI and / or its authorized service providers for validation and processing of transactions carried out through MFU.
- 7. For details on carrying out the transactions through MFU or any queries or clarifications related to MFU, investors are requested to contact the Customer Care of MFUI on 1800-266-1415 (during the business hours on all days except Sunday and Public Holidays) or send an email to clientservices@mfuindia.com. Investors of the Fund can also get in touch with Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC to know more about MFU.
- 8. For any escalations and post-transaction queries pertaining to Scheme(s) of the Fund, the Investors are requested to get in touch with the ISCs of the AMC.

The transactions carried out through MFU shall be subject to the terms & conditions as may be stipulated by MFUI / Fund / the AMC from time to time. The terms & conditions of offering of the Scheme(s) of the Fund as specified in the Scheme



		Information Document (SID), Key Information Memorandum ('KIM') and Statement of Additional Information ('SAI') shall be applicable to transactions through MFU.
		MFCentral as Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions (OPAT):
		Pursuant to paragraph 16.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, with respect to complying with the requirements of RTA inter-operable Platform for enhancing investors' experience in Mutual Fund transactions / service requests, the QRTA's, Kfin Technologies Limited and Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) have jointly developed MFCentral, a digital platform for Mutual Fund investors.
		MFCentral is created with an intent to be a one stop portal / mobile app for all Mutual fund investments and service-related needs that significantly reduces the need for submission of physical documents by enabling various digital / physical services to Mutual fund investors across fund houses subject to applicable T&Cs of the Platform. MFCentral will be enabling various features and services in a phased manner. MFCentral may be accessed using https://mfcentral.com/ and a Mobile App in future.
		With a view to comply with all provisions of the aforesaid circular and to increase digital penetration of Mutual funds, Groww Mutual Fund designates MFCentral as its OPAT effective from September 24, 2021.
		Any registered user of MFCentral, requiring submission of physical document as per the requirements of MFCentral, may do so at any of the designated Investor Service Centres/ Collection Centres of KFin Technologies Limited or CAMS. For Details, kindly refer SAI
XXV.	Weblink	An investor can visit https://www.growwmf.in/downloads weblink wherein TER for last 6 months as well as scheme factsheet shall be made available.
XXV.	-	of The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account infor more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. However, if such limit is breached during the NFO of the Scheme, the Fund will endeavour to ensure that within a period of three months or the end of the succeeding calendar quarter from the close of the NFO of the Scheme, whichever is earlier, the Scheme complies with these two conditions. In case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall



DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct
- (vi) A confirmation that the Groww Asset Management Limited (formerly known as Indiabulls Asset Management company limited) has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Groww Liquid Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Groww Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product

Sd/-

Name: Hemal Zaveri

Designation: Compliance Officer

Date: June 26, 2024 Place: Mumbai

PART II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?



Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation will be as follows:

		Allocation et Assets)
Instrument	Minimum	Maximum
Money market & Debt instruments with maturity	0	100
up to 91 days (including floating rate debt		
instruments, securitized debt*)		

^{*}securitized debt cumulative allocation not to exceed 15% of the net assets of the Scheme (No investment in foreign securitized debt). The residual maturity of securitized debt shall not exceed 91 days.

Investment in Derivatives – upto 50% of the net assets of the Scheme. Investment in derivatives shall be strictly in compliance with paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023

The Fund shall not take any leveraged position. The total investments in the Fund including investment in debt, money market and other securities and gross exposure of derivatives, if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets under management in the scheme.

Pursuant to paragraph 12.6.1.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023, the Scheme shall make investment in / purchase debt and money market securities with maturity of up to 91 days only.

Explanation:

- a. In case of securities where the principal is to be repaid in a single payout, the maturity of the securities shall mean residual maturity. In case the principal is to be repaid in more than one payout then the maturity of the securities shall be calculated on the basis of weighted average maturity of the security.
- b. In case of securities with put and call options (daily or otherwise) the residual maturity of the securities shall not be greater than 91 days.
- c. In case the maturity of the security falls on a Non-business Day, then settlement of securities will take place on the next Business Day. The total debt derivative exposure will be restricted to 50% of the net assets of the Scheme.

The Scheme shall not invest in equity derivatives. Investment in derivatives shall be in compliance with paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master for Mutual Fund Circular dated May 19, 2023 dated August 18, 2010.

The scheme shall not be investing in foreign securities and also the scheme shall not be engaging in any short-selling.

If permitted by SEBI under Regulations / guidelines, the Scheme may also engage in securities lending. The AMC shall comply with all reporting requirements and the Trustee shall carry out periodic review as required by SEBI guidelines. Securities lending means the lending of stock to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation. The securities lent will be returned by the Borrower on expiry of the stipulated period.

The Investment Manager will apply the following limits, should it desire to engage in Securities lending: Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in securities lending; and Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in securities lending to any single counter party. The Scheme may invest in repo/ reverse repo in corporate debt securities/Government Debt Securities up to 10% of the net assets of the Scheme.



Pending deployment of the funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds of the Scheme may be parked in short term deposits of the scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines and limits specified by SEBI from time to time.

Subject to limits prescribed by SEBI, the maturity profile of the Scheme can undergo a change in case the market conditions warrant and at the discretion of the fund manager.

The Scheme may review the above pattern of investments based on views on interest rates and asset liability management needs. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme. Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations, legislative amendments and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the fund manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive considerations only. The rebalancing of the portfolio in accordance with the asset allocation pattern indicated above shall be done within a period of 15 days.

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions (including fixed income derivatives), repo transactions in corporate debt securities, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
1.	Securities Lending	 Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in securities lending; and Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in securities lending to any single counter party. 	Paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
2.	Equity Derivatives for nonhedging purposes	50%	Paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
3.	Securitized Debt	15%	Paragraph 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023



4.	Overseas Securities	0%	Paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
5.	ReITS and InVITS	0%	Paragraph 12.21 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
6.	AT1 and AT2 Bonds	0%	Paragraph 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
7.	Any other instrument Repo/ reverse repo in corporate debt securities/Government Debt Securities	10%	

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in money market & debt instruments with maturity up to 91 days which will include but not limited to:

• **TREPS** (Triparty repo dealing System)

TREPS is a discount instrument introduced by the Clearing Corporation of India Limited (CCIL). They can be traded like any other discount instrument. Lenders buy TREPS and borrowers sell TREPS. CCIL manages the risks inherent in issuing these securities through a system of margins and deposits that it takes from both lenders and borrowers. TREPS can be issued/bought/sold for a minimum of one day to a maximum of 364 days

Certificate of Deposit (CD)

Certificate of Deposit (CD) is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select all-India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year, whereas, in case of FIs, maturity is one year to 3 years from the date of issue

Commercial Paper (CP)

Commercial Paper (CP) is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short term borrowings. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold before maturity.

Reverse Repo

Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to purchase and sell the same security with an agreement to sell or purchase the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The transaction results in collateralized lending or borrowing of funds. Presently in India, G-Secs, State Government securities and T-Bills and Corporate Bonds with requisite ratings are eligible for Reverse Repo.

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Treasury Bill (T-Bill): Treasury Bills (T-Bills) are issued by the Government of India or State Governments to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T-Bills are issued for maturities of 91 days, 182 days and 364 days. T-Bills are issued at a discount and for a fixed period.

Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI, securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills). State Government securities (popularly known as State Development Loans or SDLs) are issued by the respective State Government in co-ordination with the RBI.

Non Convertible Debentures and Bonds

Non convertible debentures as well as bonds are securities issued by companies / Institutions promoted / owned by the Central or State Governments and statutory bodies which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee, Public and private sector banks, all India Financial Institutions and Private Sector Companies. These instruments may be secured or unsecured against the assets of the Company and generally issued to meet the short term and long term fund requirements. The Scheme may also invest in the non convertible part of convertible debt securities.

Floating Rate Debt instruments

Floating rate debt instruments are instruments issued by Central / state governments, corporates, PSUs, etc. with interest rates that are reset periodically.

Pass Through Certificate (PTC)

(Pay through or other Participation Certificates) represents beneficial interest in an underlying pool of cash flows. These cash flows represent dues against single or multiple loans originated by the sellers of these loans. These loans are given by banks or financial institutions to corporates. PTCs may be backed, but not exclusively, by receivables of personal loans, car loans, two wheeler loans and other assets subject to applicable regulations.

Securitized Assets

Securitization is a structured finance process which involves pooling and repackaging of cashflow producing financial assets into securities that are then sold to investors. All assets can be securitized so long as they are associated with cash flows. A Pass Through Certificate (PTC) represents beneficial interest in an underlying pool of cash flows. These cash flows represent dues against single or multiple loans originated by the sellers of these loans. These loans are given by banks or financial institutions to corporates. PTCs may be backed, but not exclusively, by receivables of personal loans, car loans, two wheeler loans and other assets subject to applicable regulations.

A typical process of asset securitization involves sale of specific receivables to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) set up in the form of a trust or a company. The SPV in turn issues financial instruments (promissory notes, participation certificates or other debt instruments) also referred to as Securitized Debt to the investors evidencing the beneficial ownership of the investors in the receivables. The financial instruments are rated by an independent credit rating agency.

The Scheme may invest in various type of securitisation issuances. The Scheme does not propose to limit its exposure to only one asset class or to have asset class based sub-limits as it will primarily look towards the credit rating of the offering.

Disclosures regarding investments in Securitised Debt:

1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the scheme?



An evaluation procedure similar to that applied in analyzing plain vanilla debt (commercial paper, non convertible debentures and bonds) will be employed for analyzing securitized debt and assessing their suitability in line with investment objective of the scheme.

Normally, the risk of investing in securitized debts is similar to investing in debt securities. However as securitized debt involves staggered cash flows from underlying loans, there is always a risk of pre-payment of loan instalments by the ultimate borrower which may reduce the returns of the Scheme if the re-investment rates are lower than initially envisaged. The efforts will be made to identify and make investments in those assets which have maximum or bullet repayment on maturity.

The securitized debts have a relatively lower liquidity compared to other plain vanilla debt securities. Since we propose to restrict the investments in securitized debt to the extent specified above under respective schemes, we don't envisage any significant liquidity risk.

Securitized debts, typically offer higher yield than debt securities of similar rating and maturity due to the aforementioned additional risks. If the fund manager is of the view that the additional risks are suitably compensated by higher returns, then investments will be made in securitized debts subject to applicable limits.

The Scheme will predominantly invest only in those securitization issuances which have at least an investment grade credit rating indicating high level of safety from the credit risk point of view at the time of making an investment.

2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc

The Originator is the entity who has initially given the loan and transferred the receivables to a SPV, The Scheme shall invest in those securitized debts, whose Originator is a Corporate Entity, being a Bank or an NBFC. Before entering into any securitization transaction, the risk is assessed based on the information generated from the following sources:

- (a) Track record This is a key parameter that we consider at the time of analyzing the transaction. Originators with long track record of operation lend a greater degree of comfort, as they have a longer operating credit history which can be assessed. The track-record would vary depending on the obligor/ originator. Further the track-record of having undertaken such transactions are also evaluated. Most of the entities which undertake such transactions in the Indian market have both a long track-record of operations and a history of having undertaken securitization transactions.
- (b) Willingness to pay, through credit enhancement facilities etc. In this case the stand alone credit assessment of the obligor is carried out to indicate the overall financial health. In the case of retail pool securitization transactions, credit enhancement levels offered at the start and the overall utilization levels during the tenor of the transaction is analyzed to reflect the credit comfort and cushion available.
- (c) Ability to pay- this is the outcome of the stand-alone credit assessment of the issuer which is arrived after analyzing the income statement and balance sheet of the obligor. This aspect is the key in the case of single loan sell down transactions, since the final repayment is to be made by the obligor and is directly dependent on its overall financial health. This aspect is also usually reflected in the stand-alone credit rating of the company which primarily captures the credit risk i.e the ability to honour financial obligations to lenders in a timely fashion.
- (d) Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:
- Outlook for the economy (domestic and global) this forms part of the usual credit assessment and the macro analysis. This will have impact on the business risk of the obligor.



- Outlook for the industry external risks are analyzed here and their impact on the business risk is analyzed. Opportunities and threats as part of the swot analysis are analyzed.
- Company specific factors the strengths and weaknesses of the company are critically analyzed here

In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale is done including interactions with the company as well as agency - The latest rating assessment report is studied to understand the key strengths and risks faced by the issuer/obligor. It has been our practice to discuss the rating report with the rating agency in order to understand the finer credit aspects and the impact it could have on the financial health and rating. As part of the due diligence, we also hold discussions with the obligors / originators which help in getting a better insight into their background.

Critical Evaluation Parameters (for pool loan and single loan securitization transactions) regarding the originator / underlying issuer is as follows:

Default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions / covenants – all transaction conditions and covenants are analyzed to examine any flexibility available to the obligor/originator to alter the terms and conditions which can impact the investor position. If any of these conditions are un-favourable, then these are negotiated / altered at the start of the transaction.

High leverage ratios of the ultimate borrower (for single-sell downs) – both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level – financial analysis of balance sheet and income sheet ratios forms critical part of credit analysis, since factors such as gearing will determine both the credit rating as well as debt servicing and final repayment. High gearing also may limit the ability of the obligor to seek additional funding from the market on a timely basis to meet any maturing obligations. Hence this aspect is very crucial in the analysis.

Higher proportion of rescheduling of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be —we analyze the pool at start to ensure that there are no major rescheduled assets within the pool, since any deterioration of such assets could weaken the pool's overall asset quality and could lead to higher credit enhancement utilization.

Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be - quality of the retail pool at start is important as it could have a significant impact on the pool's performance during its tenor.

Poor reputation in market - originators /obligors with poor reputation and/or financial health are usually discarded during our credit evaluation, since asset quality could quickly deteriorate in some cases which could impair debt servicing and repayment. Further, such obligors would also find it difficult to tap the market to raise funds if needed to meet any maturing financial obligations.

Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be – since we critically assess track-record of operations of the obligor/originator, any shortfall in this parameter would be captured in our analysis. We usually prefer obligors / originators with reasonable operating history since it offers adequate credit history for purpose of credit analysis.

3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

(a) Size and reach of the originator – different originators have varying levels of reach and access. Besides, different originators operate in different geographies and consumer segments. Also the asset classes that they originate could be different depending on their target profitability, risk tolerance levels and support infrastructure for disbursing loans and making recoveries and collections. We usually look for originators possessing fair degree of diversification in their operation (metros/ semi urban and rural markets), asset classes (collateralized assets are preferred such as cars, commercial vehicles, construction equipment etc.) and with a fairly robust collection infrastructure. Most of the regular names that we invest comply with these requirements.



- (b) Collection process, infrastructure and follow-up mechanism we usually prefer originators who possess in-house capabilities and infrastructure as regards disbursements, collections and recoveries since it has been historically proven that such entities usually exhibit better asset quality in the long run. Most of the originators in our universe fall in this category.
- (c) Quality of MIS data quality and timely availability is critical in the asset financing business. We stress on this aspect and look for entities which have robust MIS and have networked branches so that MIS generation is faster, efficient and senior management is in a position to take timely decisions.
- (d) Credit enhancement for different type of originator this varies between originators and is usually determined and specified by the originator. The rating agency usually established the base case losses for the originator and for the specific asset category and then applies a stress factor depending on their own assessment of the originators financial health, and other strengths and weaknesses as also the prevailing macroeconomic factors which can impact overall asset quality.

4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

Following framework will be applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction:

Characteristics/ Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan#	CV & CE	Cars	2 Wheelers	Micro Finance Pools @	Personal Loans	Single Sell Downs
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)*	36-72	12-30	12-30	12-18	3-15	12-24	12-24
Collateral margin (including cash guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	Min : 10	5-25	5-25	Min : 15	Min : 10	Min : 15	-
Average Loan to Value Ratio (%)	70-90	65-85	65-85	50-75	60-85	NA	-
Average seasoning of the Pool (months)	6-12	3-6	3-6	3-6	1-3	3-6	-
Maximum single exposure range%	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-10	5-15	5-10	5-15
Average single exposure range %	10	10	10	7.5	10	7.5	10

- 1. Kindly note that these are indicative ranges and final figures could vary depending upon the overall characteristics of the transaction and market conditions.
- 2. Also since most of the transactions are composite in nature i.e. they have more than one asset class the actual cash level would be finalized based on the final mix.
- 3. Mortgage loans are usually not clubbed with other asset classes since the average tenors are different for these asset classes. Hence mortgage loan pools are usually issued separately. Hence we have indicated 15 % under this asset class.
- 4. Micro finance pools are also issued separately and not clubbed with other asset classes. Hence we have indicated 15% under Micro Finance pools under maximum exposure.



- 5. The percentages indicated in the table above is with reference to investments in securitized debt instruments, subject to investment restrictions as per the regulations.
- 6. The scheme shall invest in securitized debt instruments maturing on or before the maturity of the scheme.

CV: Commercial Vehicles CE: Construction Equipment

DEBT AND MONEY MARKETS IN INDIA

The Indian debt market is today one of the largest in Asia and includes securities issued by the Government (Central & State Governments), public sector undertakings, other government bodies, financial institutions, banks and corporate. Government and public sector enterprises are the predominant borrowers in the markets. Securities in the debt market typically vary based on their tenure and rating. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, insurance companies, primary dealers, trusts, pension funds and corporate. The Indian debt market is the largest segment of the Indian financial markets. The debt market comprises broadly two segments, viz. Government Securities market or G-Sec market and corporate debt market. The latter is further classified as market for PSU bonds and private sector bonds.

The Government Securities market is the oldest and the largest component of the Indian debt market in terms of market capitalization, outstanding securities and trading volumes. The G-Sec market plays a vital role in the Indian economy as it provides the benchmark for determining the level of interest rates in the country through the yields on the Government Securities which are referred to as the risk-free rate of return in any economy. Over the years, there have been new products introduced by the RBI like zero coupon bonds, floating rate bonds, inflation indexed bonds, etc. The corporate bond market, in the sense of private corporate sector raising debt through public issuance in capital market, is only an insignificant part of the Indian Debt Market. A large part of the issuance in the non-Government debt market is currently on private placement basis.

The money markets in India essentially consist of the call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), reverse repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at a specified price), commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory notes, generally issued by corporate), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI) and similar securities. In a predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporate. In money market, activity levels of the Government and non government debt vary from time to time.

Apart from these, there are some other options available for short tenure investments that include MIBOR linked debentures with periodic exit options and other such instruments. PSU / DFI / Corporate paper with a residual maturity of less than 1 year are actively traded and offer a viable investment option.

Following table exhibits various debt instruments along with current yields as on May 31, 2024

Instrument	Yield Range (% per annum)
TREPS	6.30-6.78
Repo	6.30-6.92
91 days T-Bill	6.80% - 6.95%
364 days T-Bill	6.99% - 7.10%
1 month CD/CP	7.00% - 7.25%



Instrument	Yield Range (% per annum)
3 month CD/CP	7.00% - 7.25%
6 month CD/CP	7.45% - 7.65%
1 year CD/CP	7.60% - 7.80%
1 year Corporate Bond – AAA Rated	7.50% - 7.75%
3 year Corporate Bond – AAA Rated	7.55% - 7.75%
5 year Corporate Bond – AAA Rated	7.50% - 7.75%
5 year G-sec *	7.10%-7.20%
10 year G-sec *	7.05%-7.20%

_*Gsec yield are annualised

(Source: Bloomberg and NDS OM)

These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing consequent to changes in macro economic conditions and RBI policy. The price and yield on various debt instruments fluctuate from time to time depending upon the macro economic situation, inflation rate, overall liquidity position, foreign exchange scenario etc. Also, the price and yield vary according to maturity profile, credit risk etc.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The Fund shall be managed according to the Investment strategy. The Objective isto generate returns commensurate with the low risk of the portfolio. This scheme is positioned to meet the needs of those investors who want to deploy their funds for a short period of time with the least amount of risk. The returns would match the levels of risk taken in the portfolio.

The composition of the Indian Debt market (both the primary and secondary) is dominated by money market instruments in the short end of the yield curve and by medium and long term bonds and debentures in the long end of the curve. Since the objective of the scheme is generate reasonable returns with the least commensurate risk, the scheme would predominantly invest in money market instruments. As the turnover of the portfolio would be high, given the fact the investors in a liquid fund would deploy their funds for a short period of time, the portfolio would be structured to incorporate high liquidity by the use of cash and cash equivalents.

The yield curve in the short end (overnight to 3 months) of the curve tends to remain flat with the least amount of volatility. In such a scenario, the fund manager would make attempts to invest the scheme proceeds uniformly across all the maturity buckets. The investment team would carry out rigorous in depth credit evaluation of the money market and debt instruments the scheme proposes to invest in. The credit evaluation will essentially be a bottom up approach and include a study of the operating environment of the issuer, the past track record as well as the future prospects of the issuer and the short term / long term financial health of the issuer.

Derivatives Strategy:

The Scheme may use Derivative instruments like interest rate swaps like Overnight Indexed Swaps ("OIS"), forward rate agreements, interest rate futures (as and when permitted) or such other Derivative instruments as may be permitted under the applicable regulations. Investments in Derivatives shall strictly be in compliance with the SEBI Circular No.



Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010. Derivatives will be used for the purpose of hedging, and portfolio balancing or such other purpose as may be permitted under the regulations and Guidelines from time to time.

The Fund will be allowed to take exposure in interest rate swaps only on a non-leveraged basis. A swap will be undertaken only if there is an underlying asset in the portfolio. In terms of Circular No. MFD.BC.191/07.01.279/1999-2000 andMPD.BC.187/07.01.279/1999-2000 dated November 1, 1999 and July 7, 1999 respectively issued by RBI permitting participation by Mutual Funds in interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements, the Fund will use Derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing. In case of Interest Rate Swaps, the exposure to a single counter-party shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.

The Fund may also use derivatives for such purposes as may be permitted from time to time. Further, the guidelines issued by RBI from time to time for forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps and other derivative products would be adhered to by the Mutual Fund.

IRS and FRA do also have inherent credit and settlement risks. However, these risks are substantially reduced as they are limited to the interest streams and not the notional principal amounts.

Investments in Derivatives will be in accordance with the extant Regulations / guidelines. Presently Derivatives shall be used for hedging and / or portfolio balancing purposes, as permitted under the Regulations. The circumstances under which such transactions would be entered into would be when, for example using the IRS route it is possible to generate better returns / meet the objective of the Scheme at a lower cost. e.g., if buying a 2 Yr Mibor based instrument and receiving the 2 Yr swap rate yields better return than the 2 Yr AAA corporate, the Scheme would endeavor to do that. Alternatively, the Scheme would also look to hedge existing fixed rate positions if the view on interest rates is that it would likely rise in the future.

The following information provides a basic idea as to the nature of the Derivative instruments proposed to be used by the Fund and the benefits and risks attached therewith. Please note that the examples have been given for illustration purposes only.

Using Overnight Indexed Swaps

In a rising interest rate scenario, the Scheme may enhance returns for the Investor by hedging the risk on its fixed interest paying assets by entering into an OIS contract where the Scheme agrees to pay a fixed interest rate on a specified notional amount, for a predetermined tenor and receives floating interest rate payments on the same notional amount. The fixed returns from the Scheme assets and the fixed interest payments to be made by the Scheme on account of the OIS transaction offset each other and the Scheme benefits on the floating interest payments that it receives. The Scheme may enter into an opposite position in case of a falling interest rate scenario, i.e. to hedge the floating rate assets in its portfolio the Scheme enters into an OIS transaction wherein it receives a fixed interest rate on a specified notional amount for a specified time period and pays a floating interest rate on the same notional amount. The floating interest payments that the Scheme has to pay on account of the OIS transaction offset each other and the Scheme benefits on the fixed interest payments that it receives in such a scenario.

Swap

Assume that the Scheme has a Rs. 20 crore floating rate investment linked to MIBOR (Mumbai Inter Bank Offered Rate). Hence, the Scheme is currently running an interest rate risk and stands to lose if the interest rate moves down. To hedge this interest rate risk, the Scheme can enter into a 6 month MIBOR swap. Through this swap, the Scheme will receive a fixed predetermined rate (assume 10%) and pays the "benchmark rate"(MIBOR), which is fixed by the NSE ("National Stock Exchange of India Limited") or any other agency such as Reuters. This swap would effectively lock-in the rate of 10% for the next 6 months, eliminating the daily interest rate risk. This transaction is usually routed through an intermediary who runs a book and matches deals between various counterparties. The steps will be as follows:



Assuming the swap is for Rs. 20 Crores for November 1, 2013 to May 1, 2014. The Scheme is a fixed rate receiver at 10% and the counterparty is a floating rate receiver at the overnight rate on a compounded basis (say NSE MIBOR).

On November 1, 2013 the Scheme and the counterparty will exchange only a contract of having entered this swap. This documentation would be as per International Swap Dealers Association ("ISDA") norms.

On a daily basis, the benchmark rate fixed by NSE will be tracked by them.

On May 1, 2014 they will calculate the following:

The Scheme is entitled to receive interest on Rs. 20 Crores at 10% for 181 days i.e. Rs.99.18 lakhs, (this amount is known at the time the swap was concluded) and will pay the compounded benchmark rate.

The counterparty is entitled to receive daily compounded call rate for 181 days & pay 10% fixed.

On May 1, 2014, if the total interest on the daily overnight compounded benchmark rate is higher than Rs. 99.18 lakhs, the Scheme will pay the difference to the counterparty. If the daily compounded benchmark rate is lower, then the counterparty will pay the Scheme the difference.

Effectively the Scheme earns interest at the rate of 10% p.a. for six months without lending money for 6 months fixed, while the counterparty pays interest @ 10% p.a. for 6 months on Rs. 20 Crores, without borrowing for 6 months fixed.

The above example illustrates the use of Derivatives for hedging and optimizing the investment portfolio. Swaps have their own drawbacks like credit risk, settlement risk. However, these risks are substantially reduced as the amount involved is interest streams and not principal.

Forward Rate Agreement

Assume that April 01, 2014, the 30 day commercial paper (CP) rate is 8% and the Scheme has an investment in a CP of face value Rs. 50 Crores, which is going to mature on May 01, 2013. If the interest rates are likely to remain stable or decline after May 01, 2014, and if the fund manager, who wants to re-deploy the maturity proceeds for 1 more month does not want to take the risk of interest rates going down, he can then enter into a following Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) say as on April 01, 2014:

He can receive 1 X 2 FRA on April 01, 2014 at 8.00 % (FRA rate for 1 months lending in 1 months time) on the notional amount of Rs. 50 Crores, with a reference rate of 30 day CP benchmark. If the CP benchmark on the settlement dates i.e. May 01, 2013 falls to 7.00%, then the Scheme receives the difference 8.00 - 7.00 i.e. 100 basis points on the notional amount Rs. 50 Crores.

Interest Rate Futures

Assume that the Fund holds an Indian ten year benchmark and the fund manager has a view that the yields will go up in the near future leading to decrease in value of the investment and subsequent decrease in Net Asset Value (NAV) of the fund. The fund house decides to use Interest Rate Futures to mitigate the risk of decline of Net Asset Value (NAV) of the fund.

12th April 2014

The benchmark ten year paper 7.80 2023, is trading at INR 100.00 at a yield of 7.80%. June 2014 futures contract on the ten year notional 7.80% coupon bearing Government paper is trading at a yield of 8.00% at a price of INR 98.75. The mutual fund decides to hedge the exposure by taking a short position in June 2014 interest rate futures contract.

24th June 2014

The yield of the benchmark ten year paper has increased to 8.10% and the price has decreased to 98.15

The June 2014 futures contract is trading at a price of INR 97.25 indicating a yield of 8.25%.

The mutual fund unwinds the short position by buying the June 2014 futures contract. The transaction results in profit from the futures position, against the corresponding loss from the Government of India security position.



Certain risks are inherent to Derivative strategies viz. lack of opportunities, inability of Derivatives to correlate perfectly with the underlying and execution risks, whereby the rate seen on the screen may not be the rate at which the transaction is executed. For details of risk factors relating to use of Derivatives, the investors are advised to refer to Scheme Specific Risk Factors.

Investment Decision making process:

The Fund Managers shall take a view on the broad direction of the markets including interest rate outlook. Fund Managers shall have the responsibility of individual security analysis, while the dealers shall execute the trading mandates with a view to obtaining the best execution in terms of price and quantity. The Fund Managers, while buying / selling securities for a particular scheme shall take into account the following main factors:

- 1. Interest Rate Outlook
- 2. Compliance with SEBI Guidelines
- 3. Risk Management Guidelines
- 4. Yield to Maturity of the instrument
- 5. Yield curve analysis
- 6. Liquidity of the instrument
- 7. Credit Rating
- 8. Credit spreads

Credit Research and Monitoring of Money Market and Debt Instruments:

The investment team will look at each issue in detail; the following broad framework shall help the team in managing the funds. Following are the key aspects of the process:

- 1. Creation and Maintenance of an Investment Universe
- 2. In-house credit appraisal
- 3. Tier system of monitoring
- 4. Exposure Norms

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of the Scheme will be benchmarked with CRISIL Dynamic Bond A-I Index **Justification for use of benchmark**

The Scheme intends to invest in a portfolio of instruments which is best captured by CRISIL Liquid Debt B-I Index. CRISIL Liquid Debt A-I Index is a realistic estimate to track the returns of a Liquid Fund at a particular return and risk level and hence is used as a benchmark by most market participants.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Details of the Fund Manager's experience and qualifications are as under:

Name of the Fund Manager	Age	Education Qualification	Experience
Mr. Kaustubh Sule (Senior – Fund Manager)	40	B.E.(Computer) MBA(Finance)	Mr. Kaustubh has worked in Fixed Income trading and portfolio management for almost 14 years and 3 years in the IT industry as a software engineer. He has

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Name of the Fund Manager	Age	Education Qualification	Experience
			worked with Hexaware
			Technologies, Union Bank of
			India, Reliance Life
			insurance, HDFC Life
			insurance. He was working
			with Axis Asset
			Management Company as
			Fund Manager-Fixed Income
			before joining Groww.

Other Schemes managed by the Fund Manager

Name of the Schemes	Fund Manager
Groww Overnight Fund	Kaustubh Sule
Groww Short Duartion Fund	Kaustubh Sule
Groww Dynamic Bond Fund	Kaustubh Sule
	Equity Segment
Charry A companies Hybrid Frank	Anupam Tiwari
Groww Aggressive Hybrid Fund	Debt Segment
	Kaustubh Sule

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Differentiation Between Existing Open-Ended Equity Schemes of Groww Mutual Fund (Formerly known as Indiabulls Mutual Fund)

The following table shows the differentiation between existing schemes of Groww Mutual Fund (formerly known Indiabulls Mutual Fund):

	COMPARISON OF EXISTING	OPEN-ENDED DEBT SCHE	EMES	
Name of the existing Scheme	Investment Objective	Differentiation	AUM as May 31, 2024 (Rs. in crores)	Number of Folios as on May 31,2024
Groww Liquid Fund	To provide a high level of liquidity with returns commensurate with low risk through a portfolio of money market & debt securities with maturity of upto 91 days. However, there can be no	Money Market & Debt	213.8788 247	5362

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	assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.			
Groww Short Duration Fund	The Scheme will endeavor to generate stable returns over short term with a low risk strategy while maintaining liquidity through a portfolio comprising debt and money market instruments such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 1 year – 3 years. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.	Portfolio comprises of Money market instruments and debt Instruments with maturity less than 3 years and 3 years to 5 years, resp.	38.58262 69	784
Groww Dynamic Bond Fund	To generate reasonable returns commensurate with the risk taken by active duration management of the portfolio. The Scheme would be investing in debt instruments including but not limited to bonds, debentures, government securities and money market instruments over various maturity periods. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved. The Scheme(s) does not assure or guarantee any returns.	Portfolio comprises of Debt instruments and Money Market Instruments	38.32627 34	263
Groww Overnight Fund	The Scheme aims to provide reasonable returns commensurate with low risk and providing a high level of liquidity, through investments made primarily in overnight securities having maturity of 1 business day.	The scheme invests 0-100% in Overnight securities or debt instruments maturing on or before the next business day	39.53488 03	960

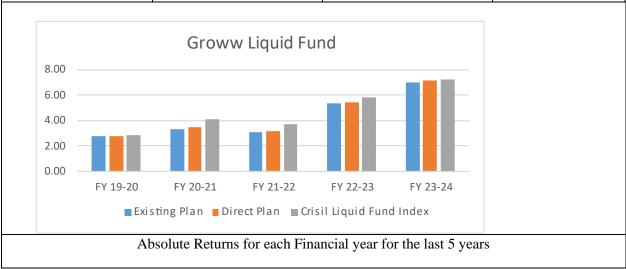


However, there can be no
assurance that the investment
objective of the scheme will be
achieved. The Scheme(s) does
not assure or guarantee any
returns.

Investor can view a detailed comparative table on https://www.growwmf.in/downloads/fact-sheet

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED (if applicable)

Compounded	Scheme Returns %	Scheme Returns %	Benchmark Returns
Annualised Returns	(Regular Plan)	(Direct Plan)	%
Returns for last 1 year	7.21	7.32	7.28
Returns for last 3 year	5.41	5.51	5.75
Returns for last 5 year	6.98	6.80	6.90
Returns since			
inception	6.98	6.80	6.90



H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. Investor can view Scheme's portfolio holdings on https://www.growwmf.in/statutory-disclosure/portfolio
- ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme in case of debt and equity ETFs/index funds through a functional website link that contains detailed description The Scheme is an open ended Liquid fund and hence the said point is not applicable
- iii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure Fortnightly / Monthly/ Half Yearly https://www.growwmf.in/statutory-disclosure/portfolio



- iv. Portfolio Turnover Rate particularly for equity oriented schemes shall also be disclosed NA
- v. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by:

Sr.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs)
No.				
1.	Concerned scheme's Fund	Units	NAV per unit	
	Manager(s)			6,04,149.273
		255.15*	2,367.82	

*Mr. Karan Singh ceases to be a Fund manager w.e.f April 15, 2024, the above value includes investment made by him also.

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI. Investments of AMC in the Scheme –

Subject to the Regulations, the AMC may invest either directly or indirectly, in the Scheme during the NFO and/or Ongoing Offer Period. However, the AMC shall not charge any investment management fee on such investment in the Scheme.



Part III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of a mutual fund is the price at which units of a mutual fund are bought or sold. It is the market of the fund after deducting its liabilities. The value of all units of a mutual fund portfolio are calculated on a daily basis, fro all expenses are then subtracted. The result is then divided by the total number of units the resultant value is the NAV. N also sometimes referred to as Net Book Value or book Value.

Calculation of NAV Mutual fund assets usually fall under two categories – securities & cash. Securities, here, include both and stocks. Therefore, the total asset value of a fund will include its stocks, cash and bonds at market value. IDCWs and it accrued and liquid assets are also included in total assets. Also, liabilities like money owed to creditors, and other expenses are also included.

The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

Formula to calculate Net Asset Value (NAV) = (Assets – Debts) / (Number of Outstanding units)

Here: Assets = Market value of mutual fund investments + Receivables + Accrued Income Debts = Liabilities + Expenses (accrued) the market value of the stocks & debentures.

The NAV shall be calculated up to four decimal places. However the AMC reserves the right to declare the NAVs up to additional decimal places as it deems appropriate. Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each Plan/Option. The NAVs of the Growth Option and the IDCW Option will be different after the declaration of the first IDCW.

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV of the Scheme within a period of 5 business days from the date of allotment. Subsequently, the NAVs will be calculated for all the Business Days.

Rounding off policy for NAV:

To ensure uniformity, the Mutual Fund shall round off NAVs up to four decimal places & the fourth decimal will be rounded off to the next higher digit if the fifthdecimal is or more than 5 i.e., if the NAV is 10.13576 it will be rounded off to 10.1358

However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.

Sale Price:

Sale price is a price at which the fund house sells / offers mutual fund units to investors; this is nothing but the NAV respective Scheme of Mutual Fund. For investor who wants to invest in Mutual Fund, the units are offered at NAV of the resp Scheme of Mutual Fund.

For Example – If investor A wants to invest Rs. 5,000/- in XYZ Scheme of Mutual Fund. The NAV of Mutual Fund Sc XYZ is Rs. 15 per unit. Investor's Investments & Mutual Fund unit allocation in Scheme XYZ is calculated as follows:-

Investment of Investor A = Investment Amount / Sale Price

= 5,000 / 15

= 333.3333 units

This means investor A will be allocated 333.3333 units of Mutual Fund Scheme XYZ.

Repurchase Price:

Repurchase price is a price at which fund house repurchases the mutual fund units back from the investor. For investor who to redeem his mutual fund units, the units are repurchased at respective scheme NAV less Exit Load (If Applicable)



For Example - If Mutual Fund Scheme XYZ is having NAV of Rs. 15 & Exit Load of 1% then the repurchase price work calculated as follow:

Repurchase Price = NAV *(1- Exit Load %)

= 15 * (1-0.01)= 14.8500

This means the investor will realise **Rs. 14.8500** per unit if he redeems from Mutual Fund Scheme XYZ. In case of no exit load the NAV & repurchase price are same.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. Details of source for meeting these expenses may be disclosed. AMC to ensure that no NFO expenses will be / were charged to the Scheme.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that upto 2.00 % of the daily average net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses (Give slab wise break up depending on the assets under management. Give plan/option wise break up if the expense structures are different). For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund.

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	% p.a. of daily
Expense Head	Net Assets*
Expense field	(Estimated
	p.a.)
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	
Audit fees/fees and expenses of trustees	Upto 2.00%
Custodial Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statements	
/ IDCW / redemption cheques/ warrants	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission and statutory	
advertisement	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost towards investor education & awareness	
Brokerage & transaction cost pertaining to distribution of units	
Goods & Services Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods & Services Tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses (shall be as per Reg 52 of SEBI MF Regulations)	
Maximum Total expenses ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52	Upto 2.00%
(6) (c)	



Additional expenses under Regulations 52(6A)(c)	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities	Upto 0.30%

*Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

**SEBI vide its letter no. SEBI/HO/IMD-SEC-3/P/OW/2023/5823/1 dated February 24, 2023, and AMFI letter dated No. 35P/ MEM-COR/ 85-a/ 2022-23 dated March 02, 2023 has directed AMCs to keep B-30 incentive structure in abeyance till further notice.

^ As per the Regulations, the total recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme in this Scheme information document shall be subject to the applicable guidelines. The total recurring expenses of the Scheme, will however be limited to the ceilings as prescribed under Regulation 52(6) of the Regulations.

*Impact of TER on returns of both Direct plan and Regular plan through an illustration may be provided.

For any scheme, NAV is computed on a daily basis factoring in all the assets as well as liabilities of the scheme (including expenses charged). Expenses charged to the scheme bring down its NAV and hence the investor's net returns on a corresponding basis.

Illustration:

If the scheme's gross of expenses NAV goes up by 15% over 1 year (for example from 10 to 11.5), and the expense charged for the scheme over that year is 2% of the initial NAV (0.2), the NAV of scheme (net of expenses) at the end of 1 year will come down to 11.3 (11.5 less 0.2) and therefore the net of expenses return for the investor will be 13%.

Any other information/disclosure to be added as per applicable Consolidated checklist of standard observations.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.growwmf.in) or may call at ((toll free no. 8050180222.) or your distributor.

Type of Load i.e. Load Chargeable (as %age of NAV)

Exit Load*- w.e.f. October 19, 2019

Investor exit	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7
upon							
subscription*							
Exit Load as	0.0070%	0.0065%	0.0060%	0.0055%	0.0050%	0.0045%	0.0000%
a % of							
redemption							
proceeds							

Section II

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I. Introduction

A. Definitions:

For detailed description please click the link: www.growwmf.in

B. Risk factors

ii. Scheme Specific Risk Factors

The following are the risks associated with investment in Fixed Income securities:

Interest-Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as government bonds, corporate bonds, Money Market Instruments and Derivatives run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices depends upon the coupon and maturity of the security. It also depends upon the yield level at which the security is being traded.

Re-investment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond.

Liquidity Risk: The liquidity of a bond may change, depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium attached to the price of the bond. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid, leading to loss in value of the portfolio.

Credit Risk: This is the risk associated with the issuer of a debenture/bond or a Money Market Instrument defaulting on coupon payments or in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even when there is no default, the price of a security may change with expected changes in the credit rating of the issuer. It is to be noted here that a Government Security is a sovereign security and is the safest. Corporate bonds carry a higher amount of credit risk than Government Securities. Within corporate bonds also there are different levels of safety and a bond rated higher by a particular rating agency is safer than a bond rated lower by the same rating agency.

Liquidity Risk on account of unlisted securities: The liquidity and valuation of the Scheme investments due to their holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to their target date of divestment. The unlisted security can go down in value before the divestment date and selling of these securities before the divestment date can lead to losses in the portfolio.

Pre-Payment Risk - Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call back its securities before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment may force the fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower interest income for the fund

Risk Associated with Securitized Debt

Domestic securitised debt assets would be in the nature of Mortgage backed securities (MBS) and Asset backed securities (ABS) with underlying pool of assets and receivables like Housing Loans, Auto loans and corporate loans. The Securitised debt assets and the underlying asset classes like housing loans, Auto Loans and Corporate loans have the following risk factors.

• Limited Recourse and Credit Risk: Certificates issued on investment in securitised debt represent a beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation on the issuer, seller or the originator in that regard. Defaults on the underlying loan can adversely affect the pay outs to the investors (i.e. the Scheme) and thereby, adversely affect the NAV of the Scheme. While it is possible to repossess and sell the underlying asset, various factors can delay or prevent repossession and the price obtained on sale of such assets may be low.



- Bankruptcy Risk: If the originator of securitised debt instruments in which the Scheme invests is subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in such proceedings concludes that the sale of the assets from originator to the trust was not a 'true sale', then the Scheme could experience losses or delays in the payments due. Normally, care is taken in structuring the securitization transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to the trust not being construed as a 'true sale'.
- Risk of Co-mingling: Servicers in a securitization transaction normally deposit all payments received from the obligors into a collection account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a servicer and depositing the same into the collection account. In this interim period, collections from the loan agreements by the servicer may not be segregated from other funds of the servicer. If the servicer fails to remit such funds due to investors, investors in the Scheme may be exposed to a potential loss.

Risks associated with Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) - Housing Loans

- Prepayment Risk: The fund may receive payment of monthly payouts earlier than scheduled. Prepayments shorten the life of the instrument to an extent that cannot be fully predicted. The rate of prepayments may be influenced by a variety of economic, social and other factors.
- Credit Risk: Delinquencies may happen which would reduce the principal amount. Typically MBS structures come with credit enhancement in variety of forms. If delinquencies are higher than the amount available in the credit enhancement facility than the monthly payouts to the fund would reduce. Historically, it has been observed that housing loans have lower default rates as compared to other forms of credit.
- Liquidity Risk: Historically the secondary market volume of securitised papers has been limited. This could limit the ability of the fund to resell them. Secondary market trades could be at a discount or premium depending upon the prevailing interest rates.
- Conversion risk: Conversion of loans from fixed rate to floating rate loans and vice versa could lead to a change in the expected cash flows from the loans.

Risks associated with Asset Backed Securities (ABS)-Auto Loans.

- Prepayment Risk: The fund may receive payment of monthly payouts earlier than scheduled. Prepayments shorten the life of the instrument to an extent that cannot be fully predicted. The rate of prepayments may be influenced by a variety of economic, social and other factors. Prepayments in auto loans is lower than housing loans as the shorter tenor of auto loans makes it economically unattractive to prepay after considering the prepayment charges.
- Credit Risk: Delinquencies may happen which would reduce the principal amount. Typically, ABS structures come with credit enhancement in variety of forms. If delinquencies are higher than the amount available in the credit enhancement facility than the monthly payouts to the fund would reduce. Typically auto loans carry higher risk than MBS as the value retention of the underlying asset is higher in MBS as compared to the underlying asset of ABS.
- Liquidity Risk: Historically the secondary market volume of securitised papers has been limited. This could limit the ability of the fund to resell them. Secondary market trades could be at a discount or premium depending upon the prevailing interest rates.
- Conversion risk: Conversion of loans from fixed rate to floating rate loans and vice versa could lead to a change in the expected cash flows from the loans.

Risks associated with Asset Backed Securities (ABS) - Corporate Loans

- Credit Risk: The fund has an exposure to the Borrower/Borrowers and servicing of the instrument depends on the credit risk of the Borrower. The value of the instrument would fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual default.
- Prepayment Risk: The Borrower may prepay the receivables prior to their respective due dates. This may result in a change in the yield and tenor for the fund.
- Limited Liquidity and Price Risk: Historically the secondary market volume of securitised papers has been limited. This could limit the ability of the fund to resell them. Secondary market trades could be at a discount or premium depending upon the prevailing interest rates.

Risks associated with Derivatives Transactions



Credit Risk: The credit risk is the risk that the counter party will default in its obligations and is generally small as in a Derivative transaction there is generally no exchange of the principal amount.

Interest rate Risk: Derivatives carry the risk of adverse changes in the price due to change in interest rates.

Basis Risk: When a bond is hedged using a Derivative, the change in price of the bond and the change in price of the Derivative may not be fully correlated leading to basis risk in the portfolio.

Liquidity Risk: During the life of the Derivative, the benchmark might become illiquid and might not be fully capturing the interest rate changes in the market, or the selling, unwinding prices might not reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, leading to loss of value of the portfolio.

Model Risk: The risk of mis–pricing or improper valuation of Derivatives.

Trade Execution: Risk where the final execution price is different from the screen price leading to dilution in the spreads and hence impacting the profitability of the reverse arbitrage strategy.

Systemic Risk: For Derivatives, especially OTC ones, the failure of one Counter Party can put the whole system at risk and the whole system can come to a halt.

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of Derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

Risk associated with Securities Lending

Securities Lending is a lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed. There are risks inherent in securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary to comply with the terms of the agreement. Such failure can result in a possible loss of rights to the collateral, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of corporate benefits accruing thereon.

Risk factors associated with repo transactions in corporate bonds

- The market for the aforesaid product is over the counter (OTC) and illiquid. Hence, repo obligations cannot be easily sold to other parties. If counterparty fails, the scheme would have to take recourse to the collateral provided. If a counterparty fails to repay and the value of the collateral falls beyond the haircut, then the Scheme would be exposed to a loss of interest or principal
- Further, the exposure to debt securities provided as collateral, and the issuer of the debt securities makes a default, the scheme may lose the whole, or substantial portion of the amount

Potential Risk Matrix:

The Potential Risk Class Matrix reflects the maximum risk fund manager can take in the scheme in terms of maximum interest rate risk (measured by Macaulay duration of scheme) and maximum credit risk (measured by Credit Risk value of the scheme). The threshold for values of interest rate risk & credit risk would determine the maximum risk the scheme can take.



• I. Maximum Weighted Average Interest Rate Risk of the scheme (measured in terms of Macaulay Duration):

1. Class I: MD<= 1 year;

2. Class II: MD<=3 years;

3. Class III: Any Macaulay duration

ii. Maximum Weighted Average Credit Risk of the scheme (measured in terms of Credit Risk Value assigned to each security in portfolio):

1. Class A: CRV >=12 2. Class B: CRV >=10

3. Class C: CRV

Liquidity Risk Management Framework:

It takes into account the Liquidity Risk arising from the liability side & covers all potential liquidity risk scenarios at 95% confidence interval. Two types of liquid assets shall be maintained by Open ended debt schemes. Both these ratios are calculated & liquid assets are maintained on a daily basis at a scheme level for all open-ended debt schemes (except Overnight Fund, Gilt Fund and Gilt Fund with constant duration). In the case where liquid assets in a scheme fall below the minimum required threshold then portfolio manager cannot buy any other assets apart from liquid assets till time the liquid assets are replenished, as per the SEBI guidelines.

Stress Testing:

Stress testing in open-ended debt schemes addresses the asset side risk from an Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk & Liquidity Risk perspective at an aggregate portfolio level in terms of its impact on Net Asset Value of the scheme. The AMC conducts Stress testing for all open-ended debt schemes (except overnight Fund) on a fortnightly basis. The model portfolio for each category of fund is defined. In case the stress in the actual portfolio is greater than stress in model portfolio then corrective action is taken within the defined timeline.

Asset Liability Mismatch:

The AMC monitors the Asset Liability Mismatch (ALM) requirement which address potential liquidity risk. The liability side covers all possible outflow scenarios with a 95% confidence interval over 90 days period. The asset side is rigoured based on Risk-o-meter liquidity scores in an exponential manner, to penalize assets with higher Risk-o-meter scores more than proportionately. With the above liquidity management tools, the redemption risk in the scheme can be addressed to a certain extent.

C. Risk mitigation strategies

- (a) Size and reach of the originator different originators have varying levels of reach and access. Besides, different originators operate in different geographies and consumer segments. Also the asset classes that they originate could be different depending on their target profitability, risk tolerance levels and support infrastructure for disbursing loans and making recoveries and collections. We usually look for originators possessing fair degree of diversification in their operation (metros/ semi urban and rural markets), asset classes (collateralized assets are preferred such as cars, commercial vehicles, construction equipment etc.) and with a fairly robust collection infrastructure. Most of the regular names that we invest comply with these requirements.
- (b) Collection process, infrastructure and follow-up mechanism we usually prefer originators who possess in-house capabilities and infrastructure as regards disbursements, collections and recoveries since it has been historically proven that such entities usually exhibit better asset quality in the long run. Most of the originators in our universe fall in this category.



- (c) Quality of MIS data quality and timely availability is critical in the asset financing business. We stress on this aspect and look for entities which have robust MIS and have networked branches so that MIS generation is faster, efficient and senior management is in a position to take timely decisions.
- (d) Credit enhancement for different type of originator this varies between originators and is usually determined and specified by the originator. The rating agency usually established the base case losses for the originator and for the specific asset category and then applies a stress factor depending on their own assessment of the originators financial health, and other strengths and weaknesses as also the prevailing macroeconomic factors which can impact overall asset quality.

4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

Following framework will be applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction:

Characteristics/ Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan#	CV & CE	Cars	2 Wheelers	Micro Finance Pools @	Personal Loans	Single Sell Downs
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)*	36-72	12-30	12-30	12-18	3-15	12-24	12-24
Collateral margin (including cash guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	Min : 10	5-25	5-25	Min : 15	Min : 10	Min : 15	-
Average Loan to Value Ratio (%)	70-90	65-85	65-85	50-75	60-85	NA	-
Average seasoning of the Pool (months)	6-12	3-6	3-6	3-6	1-3	3-6	-
Maximum single exposure range%	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-10	5-15	5-10	5-15
Average single exposure range %	10	10	10	7.5	10	7.5	10

- 1. Kindly note that these are indicative ranges and final figures could vary depending upon the overall characteristics of the transaction and market conditions.
- 2. Also since most of the transactions are composite in nature i.e. they have more than one asset class the actual cash level would be finalized based on the final mix.
- 3. Mortgage loans are usually not clubbed with other asset classes since the average tenors are different for these asset classes. Hence mortgage loan pools are usually issued separately. Hence we have indicated 15 % under this asset class.
- 4. Micro finance pools are also issued separately and not clubbed with other asset classes. Hence we have indicated 15% under Micro Finance pools under maximum exposure.
- 5. The percentages indicated in the table above is with reference to investments in securitized debt instruments, subject to investment restrictions as per the regulations.
- 6. The scheme shall invest in securitized debt instruments maturing on or before the maturity of the scheme.

CV: Commercial Vehicles CE: Construction Equipment



Risk Mitigating Measures:

- a) Size of the loan the overall fund raising plan of the obligor / originator is examined to assess the impact it would have on overall gearing and debt servicing
- b) Average original maturity of the pool —This is also important from a point of indicating how quickly the pool will liquidate as the underlying assets mature and pay-off. This parameter would impact interest rate sensitivity of the security.
- c) Loan to Value Ratio the LTV varies from issuer to issuer and also within asset classes. Based on our past experience and empirical data, we examine the LTV levels, since these have a critical link to the final recoveries in the case of default.
- d) Average seasoning of the pool this may also vary between originators. Higher seasoning at the start will offer better visibility on future delinquencies. Pools with higher average seasoning which depict low delinquencies usually tend to have satisfactory asset quality over the life of the transaction. We prefer to invest in pools which have average seasoning of at least 3-4 months at the start since any early delinquencies can be removed at the time of pool finalization.
- e) Default rate distribution this is studied using empirical data for the originator. This is also a critical data used by the rating agency in determining the credit enhancement levels to be stipulated.
- f) Geographical Distribution all pools usually have assets which are geographically diversified, since this reduces the default risk.
- g) Credit enhancement facility very critical especially in the case of retail pools since delinquencies and final asset losses are absorbed using cash so that there is no shortfall in investor servicing.
- h) Liquid facility in some cases in addition to the credit enhancement facility there is also a liquidity facility available which is useful to meet any shortfalls arising from delayed collections (delinquencies) in the pool. If an explicit liquidity facility is not provided in the transaction, then the credit enhancement facility is used for the said purpose. Note however that the liquidity facility is only available to be used for standard assets i.e. assets wherein the days past due do not exceed 90.
- i) Structure of the pool we will invest in both single loan securitization transactions and retail pool securitization transactions. Single loan securitization transactions will essentially be loans which are repackaged as pass through certificates (PTCs) and sold to potential investors. These may be collateralized i.e. backed by certain fixed assets of the issuers. In the case of retail pool securitization transactions, we will have underlying retail loans from various asset classes such as cars, CVs, construction equipment etc.

The above framework including the above mentioned risk mitigating measures will be applied at the time of analyzing pool PTC transactions. In the case of composite PTC pools i.e. pools with more than one asset class, each of the asset categories will be assessed separately in order to arrive at the overall risk profile of the composite pool.

5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

There is usually no stipulation on the minimum retention period of debt by the originator in the case of single loan PTCs. We follow usual investment guidelines in evaluating the eligibility of the security for our portfolios. This is in compliance with extant regulations on securitization.

In the case of ABS securities (pool PTCs), assets are usually sold down by the originators after a period of 1-2 months from their date of origination. This helps in identifying any delinquencies in these assets and creating a high quality pool.



RBI governs the issuance of securitized debts in India. It has formulated guidelines for minimum retention period. Depending on the tenor of the securitized assets and the type of repayment schedule viz. periodic repayment or bullet repayment, nine or twelve months have been prescribed as the minimum retention period before the assets can be securitised.

6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Our investment decisions are based on our independent assessment of the credit risk/other risks specific to the transaction. Minimum retention percentage of the debt securitized by the originator is usually not stipulated.

RBI has prescribed the minimum retention percentage as 5% or 10% of the book value of the loans being securitised depending on the original maturity of the loans and the features of the securitisation transaction.

7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

All investment decisions are led by stand-alone assessments of the securities (PTC) from a credit, liquidity and market risks amongst others. Our internal process and reporting platforms are designed to ensure complete independence of the credit research & investment process from sales business.

8. In general, the resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The fund management team has the required experience to analyse and monitor investments in securitised debts. On an on-going basis the rating movement of the securitised debts will be monitored. Credit research agencies also provide analysis of individual instruments and pools. The periodic reports received by the AMC on pool performance will be scanned to check for any change in asset quality and related impact on debt servicing and any impact that it can have on the credit ratings.



II. <u>Information about the scheme:</u>

- A. Where will the scheme invest Please refer Section I of the document to know in detail description of the instruments (including overview of debt markets in India, if applicable)
- B. What are the investment restrictions?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

1) A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company: Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and TREPS. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitized debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.

Further, in accordance with paragraph 12.8.3.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023 as amended from time to time, the scheme shall not invest more than:

- a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

Above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit.

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills and collateralized borrowing and lending obligations.

- 2) The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in un-rated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the Scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Trustee and Board of AMC.
- 3) The Scheme may invest in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund (restricted to only debt and liquid funds) without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Mutual Fund.
- 4) The scheme shall not make any investment in
- i) Any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor
- ii) Any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- iii) The listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which in excess of 25% of net assets.



- 5) The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- 6) Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund is permitted provided:
- i) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a Stock Exchange for spot transactions); and
- ii) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.
- iii)IST purchases would be allowed subject to guidelines as specified in paragraph 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023.
- 7) The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:
- 8) The Mutual Fund may enter into Derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI.
- 9) The sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI in this regard.
- 10) The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- 11) Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, in accordance with paragraph 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023 as may be amended from time to time: 11.1. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:
- 11.2. "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- 11.3. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustee.
- 11.4. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- 11.5. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- 11.6. The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and Derivatives market.

12) The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of Repurchase/Redemption of Unit or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holder. The Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.



13) As per paragraph 12.9.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023, the total exposure of debt schemes in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, TREPS, G-Secs, TBills and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.

Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) only. Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme has been allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.

Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.

For the purpose of identifying sector, AMFI sector definitions shall be referred to. For unlisted / non traded securities, where sector classification does not exist, AMC will have the discretion to decide the classification as per their best judgment.

The Schemes will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time. All the investment restrictions will be applicable at the time of making investments.

Apart from the Investment Restrictions prescribed under the Regulations, internal risk parameters for limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector may be prescribed from time to time to respond to the dynamic market conditions and market opportunities.

The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

- 14. The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments.
 - Provided that the Scheme may invest in unlisted nonconvertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the Scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.
 - Provided further that the Scheme shall comply with the norms under the above clauses within the time and in the manner as may be specified by SEBI.
 - Provided further that the norms for investments by the Scheme in unrated debt instruments shall be as specified by SEBI from time to time.

As per these norms, investments in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall not exceed 5% of net assets of the Scheme.

Further, the Scheme shall comply with provisions of paragraph 12.1.1. of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023 regarding investment in Debt and Money Market Instruments, as amended from time to time, to the extent applicable to the Scheme.

15. The Scheme shall invest in Debt instruments having Structured Obligations/ Credit Enhancements in accordance with provisions of paragraph 12.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023 as may be amended by SEBI from time to time. The same are currently as under:

The investment of the Scheme in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the Scheme:



- a. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade; and
- b. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of the Regulations and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

However the above Investment limits shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.

Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

16. The Scheme shall not invest more than 20% of its net assets in a group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks). Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Trustees.

Provided that investments by the Scheme in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the Scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of the Regulations and shall include an ent subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023:

(i) Type of a scheme

An open ended liquid scheme. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk

(ii) Investment Objective: Please refer to Part I. V ie "Investment Objective" mentioned under "Highlights/Summary of the Scheme".

Main Objective – Growth/Income/Both.

(iii) Investment pattern –

The details of Investment Pattern are mentioned in part II "Other Information" under Para A "How will the Scheme Allocate its Assets"

(iv) Terms of Issue:

Liquidity provisions such as listing, Repurchase, Redemption

The Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the Units as and when this Scheme is permitted to be listed under the Regulations and the Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of Unit holders of the Fund. The Scheme offers Units for subscription and redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis, commencing not later than five business days from the date of allotment. Under normal circumstances the AMC shall dispatch the Redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days from date of receipt of valid redemption request from the Unit holder.

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Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme

The aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme will be in line with the limits defined in the SEBI (MF) Regulations as amended from time to time. The aggregate fee and expenses to be charged to the Scheme is detailed in Section III of this document.

(v) Any safety net or guarantee provided: There is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the scheme will be realized.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.
- D. Index methodology (for index funds, ETFs and FOFs having one underlying domestic ETF)- Disclosures regarding the index, index eligibility criteria, methodology, index service provider, index constituents, impact cost of the constituents is not provided since its not an index fund.
- E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers (for ETFs) is not provided since its not an ETF
- F. Floors and ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation against each sub class of asset, as per clause 13.6.2 of SEBI master circular for mutual funds dated May 19, 2023 (only for close ended debt schemes) NA
- G. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

Listing and transfer of units	Since units of the Scheme will be offered for subscription and redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis providing the required liquidity to investors, units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the units of the Scheme on any stock exchange(s) at its sole discretion at a later date.
Dematerialization of units	The Unit holders are given an Option to hold the units in Physical form (by way of an Account Statement) or Dematerialized ('Demat') form. The Applicants intending to hold the Units in dematerialised mode will be required to have a beneficiary account with a DP of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention the DP's Name, DP ID No.



	and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP in the application form at the time of subscription/ additional purchase of the Units of the scheme. Further, investors also have an option to convert their physical holdings into the dematerialised mode at a later date. Each Option held in the dematerialised form shall be identified on the basis of an International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted by National Securities Depositories Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL). The ISIN No. details of the respective option can be obtained from your Depository Participant (DP) or you can access the website link www.nsdl.co.in or www.cdslindia.com. The holding of units in the dematerialized mode would be subject to the guidelines/ procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories viz. NSDL/CDSL from time to time. Such units held in demat form shall be fully transferable.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	The Scheme had collected the minimum target amount during the NFO
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	The Scheme is in existence and the said clause is not applicable
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	The Trustee will endeavour to declare IDCW under the IDCW Option as per the specified frequencies, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations. The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change the frequency of declaration of IDCW or may provide for additional frequencies for declaration of IDCW. IDCW Declaration Procedure:-
	IDCW Distribution Procedure: Pursuant to paragraph 10.6.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023 the procedure for IDCW distribution will be as follows: 1. Quantum of IDCW and record date shall be fixed by the Board of Trustees. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus as on the date of declaration of IDCW. 2. Within 1 calendar day of the decision by the Board of Trustees, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having



	nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated. 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose name appear on the register of unit holders for receiving IDCWs. The Record Date will be two working days from the date of issue of notice. 4. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any at the close of business hours on record date. 5. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of IDCW declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by the Mutual Fund. 6. The payment of dividend to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date. However, please note that in case of IDCW option/s where the frequency of IDCW declaration is up to and including Monthly basis, the requirement of issuing a notice, as mentioned above communicating the decision of declaring IDCW including the record date, is not mandatory. Accordingly, no notice as mentioned above will be published by AMC in case of IDCW declared under the Scheme under IDCW option where the frequency of IDCW declaration is up to and including Monthly basis. Even though the asset portfolio will be common, the NAVs of the growth option and IDCW option in the Scheme will be distinctly different after declaration of the first IDCW to the extent of distributed income, applicable tax and statutory levy, if any, and expenses relating to the distribution of the IDCWs.
	accordance and in compliance with SEBI regulations, as amended from time to time.
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	Investors may apply for Units by filling up an Application Form. All valid and complete applications will be allotted Units at the Applicable NAV for the application amount.
Refund	The Scheme is in existence and the process of refund was followed during NFO
Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.	The following persons are eligible to apply for subscription to the units of the Scheme (subject to, wherever relevant, subscription to units of the Scheme being permitted under the respective constitutions and relevant statutory regulations): 1. Indian resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis; 2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta of the HUF;



- 3. Minor through parent/ legal guardian;
- 4. Partnership Firms and Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs);
- 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor;
- 6. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860;
- 7. Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions;
- 8. Mutual Funds registered with SEBI;
- 9. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
- 10. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)/ Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis;
- 11. Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs) and their subaccounts registered with SEBI on repatriation basis;
- 12. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions;
- 13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations;
- 14. Multilateral Funding Agencies/ Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India/ RBI:
- 15. Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Gratuity Funds and Superannuation Funds to the extent they are permitted;
- 16. Other schemes of Groww Mutual Fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI (MF) Regulations;
- 17. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to units under the Scheme;
- 18. Qualified Foreign Investors
- 19. Such other individuals/institutions/ body corporates etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time, so long as, wherever applicable, subject to their respective constitutions and relevant statutory regulations.

The list given above is indicative and the applicable laws, if any, as amended from time to time shall supersede the list. Note:

1. Non Resident Indians (NRIs) and Persons of Indian Origin (PIOs) residing abroad/ Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs) have been granted a general permission by Reserve Bank of India under Schedule 5 of the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulations, 2000 for investing in/ redeeming units of the mutual funds subject to conditions set out in the aforesaid regulations.



	2. It is expressly understood that at the time of investment, the investor/unitholder has the express authority to invest in units of the Scheme and the AMC/ Trustee/ Mutual Fund will not be responsible if such investment is ultravires the relevant constitution. Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee may reject any application received in case the application is found invalid/ incomplete or for any other reason in the Trustee's sole discretion. 3. Dishonoured cheques are liable not to be presented again for collection, and the accompanying application forms are liable to be rejected. 4. The Trustee, reserves the right to recover from an investor any loss caused to the Scheme on account of dishonour of cheques issued by the investor for purchase of Units of this Scheme. 5. For subscription in the Scheme, it is mandatory for investors to make certain disclosures like bank details etc. and provide certain documents like PAN copy etc. (for details please refer SAI) without which the application is liable to be rejected. 6. Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, any application for units of this Scheme may be accepted or rejected in the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee/AMC.
	The Trustee/AMC may inter-alia reject any application for the purchase of units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its unitholders to accept such an application.
Who cannot invest	 The following persons are not eligible to invest in the Scheme: Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA Act) except where registered with SEBI as a FII or sub account of FII or otherwise explicitly permitted under FEMA Act/ by RBI/ by any other applicable authority or where they falls under the category of QFIs. Pursuant to RBI A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds. NRIs residing in Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) as determined by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), from time to time. Persons residing in countries which require licensing or registration of Indian Mutual Fund products before selling the same in its jurisdiction. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time.



How to Apply (Other details)

Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the offices of AMC or Investor Services Centres (ISCs)/of the Registrar or distributors or downloaded from Investors are also advised to refer to SAI before submitting the application form.

MFCentral has been designated as Official point of acceptance of Groww Mutual Fund for non-financial transactions. The same can be accessed using https://mfcentral.com/ Any registered user of MFCentral, requiring submission of physical document as per the requirements of MFCentral, may do so at any of the designated Investor Service Centres or collection centres of KFIN or CAMS.

The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/ of the Mutual Fund will be available on the website www.growwmf.in

All cheques and drafts should be crossed "Account Payee Only" and drawn in favour the scheme name in which investment is intended to be made. The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfillment of any regulatory requirements, fulfillment of any requirements as per the SID, incomplete/incorrect documentation and not furnishing necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC.

Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.

- 1. Please visit www.growwmf.com to know about the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.
- name, address and contact no. of Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&T), email id of R&T, website address of R&T, official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc. are mentioned at the end of the document.

Please note that it is mandatory for the unitholders to provide the bank account details in their application/redemption requests as per SEBI guidelines.

The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.

Not Applicable

Units once redeemed will not be reissued



Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.

The Mutual Fund will be repurchasing (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any) and issuing units of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and hence the transfer facility is found redundant. Any addition / deletion of name from the folio of the Unit holder is deemed as transfer of Units. In view of the same, additions / deletions of names will not be allowed under any folio of the Scheme. The said provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of a Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission (transfer of units by operation of law) of Units and not transfer. Units of the Scheme held in demat form shall be freely transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any) and will be subject to transmission facility in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time.

Also, when a person becomes a holder of the units by operation of law or upon enforcement of pledge, then the AMC shall, subject to production/submission of such satisfactory evidence, which in its opinion is sufficient, effect the transfer, if the intended transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the units.

Please refer to paragraphs on Transfer and Transmission of units', Right to limit Redemption', Suspension of Purchase and / or Redemption of Units and Pledge of Units' in the SAI for further details.

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches The Cut-off time for the Scheme is 3.00 pm and the Applicable NAV will be as under:

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

For allotment of units, it shall be necessary that:

a) Application for purchase/switch-in is received before the applicable cut-off time. b) Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application for purchase/switch-in are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time.c) The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the Scheme.

For Purchase (including switch-in) of any amount:

- In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are available for utilization before the cut-off time i.e. credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable.
- In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the Scheme either on the same day or before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for



utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable.

• Irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day - the closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day shall be applicable.

For Switch-ins of any amount:

For determining the applicable NAV, the following shall be ensured:

- Application for switch-in is received before the applicable cut-off time.
- Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time.
- The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time.
- In case of ,,switch" transactions from one scheme to another, the allocation shall be in line with redemption payouts.

For investments through systematic investment routes such as Systematic Investment Plans (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plans (STP), etc. the units will be allotted as per the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization by the Target Scheme irrespective of the instalment date of the SIP, STP or record date of IDCW etc."

Note: For Purchase / switch in applications received on Thursday, December 31, 2020 after cut-off timings for less than `2 lakhs, the NAV shall be allotted as per above revised rule i.e. based on availability of funds for utilization. Thus, for e.g. if funds are credited to the Scheme after cut-off timings on Friday, January 1, 2021, the applicable NAV shall be of Monday, January 04, 2021.

The Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the aforesaid requirements at a later date in line with SEBI directives from time to time



For allotment of units, it shall be ensured that:

- a) For all valid applications of investment amount less than Rs. 2 Lakh the application is received before the applicable cut-off time;
- b) For all valid applications of investment amount equal to or more than Rs. 2 Lakh
- i. The application is received before the applicable cut-off time,
- ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription/ purchase as per the application/ switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time,
- iii. The funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the Scheme.

For Redemption/Switch out

 In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day, the closing NAV of the same day will be applicable; and

In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m., the closing NAV of the next Business Day will be applicable.

Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches (mention the provisions for ETFs, as may be applicable, for direct v Minimum amount for new purchase / switch in Rs. 500 and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.

Minimum additional amount for purchase / switch in Rs. 100 and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.

The minimum subscription limits for new purchases/additional purchases will apply to each Option separately.

Minimum Redemption Amount:

Minimum amount for redemption/ switch out Minimum of 1 unit or Rs. 100 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter.

In case of investors / unitholders having available balance less than Rs. 5,000 in their respective folio on the day of submission of valid redemption request, the minimum redemption limit would be the available balance.

In case the investor specifies the number of units and amount to be redeemed, the number of units shall be considered for redemption. In case the unitholder does not specify the number of units or amount to be redeemed, the redemption request will not be processed.

The AMC reserves the right to change the minimum amounts for various purchase/ redemption/ switch. Such changes shall only be applicable to transactions on a prospective basis.



Accounts Statements	The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).
	A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.
	Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable
	For further details, refer SAI
Dividend/ IDCW	Unclaimed Devidend: 312.73.
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
	For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023
	For schemes investing atleast 80% of total assets in permissible overseas investments (as per Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023), the transfer of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders shall be made within five working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
Bank Mandate	In case of those unit holders, who hold units in demat form, the bank mandate available with the respective DP will be treated as the valid bank mandate for the purpose of payout at the time of redemption. In view of the above, Multiple Bank Mandate registration facilities with the AMC will not be applicable to Demat account holders.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 by SEBI for the period of such delay



Unclaimed Redemption and Income	Unclaimed Redemption: 59,631.97
Distribution cum Capital	
Withdrawal	
Amount	
Disclosure w.r.t investment by	As per paragraph 17.6 of SEBI Master circular for Mutual Funds
minors	dated May 19, 2023, the following Process for Investments in the
	name of a Minor through a Guardian will be applicable:
	a. Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from
	the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the
	minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal
	guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a
	Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. b. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all
	redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank
	account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with
	the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.
	c. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in
	whose name the investment was made, shall be required to
	provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details
	including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. No
	further transactions shall
	be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.
	Please refer SAI for detailed process on investments made in the
	name of a Minor through a Guardian and Transmission of Units.



III. Other Details

- A. In case of Fund of Funds Scheme, Details of Benchmark, Investment Objective, Investment Strategy, TER, AUM, Year wise performance, Top 10 Holding/ link to Top 10 holding of the underlying fund should be provided NA
- B. Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report

Monthly / Half - Yearly Portfolio Disclosures This is a list of securities where the corpus of the Scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.	The Mutual Fund and AMC shall publish the Scheme Portfolio within ten days from the close of month. Mutual Fund / AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month / half year of the scheme on its website (www.growwmf.in) & on the website of AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month / half year respectively in a downloadable spreadsheet format.
Half -Yearly Financial Results	The Mutual Fund and AMC shall within one month from the close of each half year i.e. 31st March and on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on their website. The Mutual Fund and AMC shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on their website, in atleast one national English daily newspaper and in a regional newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated. It will also be displayed on the website of the AMC (www.growwmf.in) and AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).
Annual Report	The Scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be mailed (emailed, where e-mail id is provided unless otherwise required) to all Unit holders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year) and full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any. Scheme wise annual report shall also be displayed on the website of the AMC (www.growwmf.in) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com).

C. Transparency/NAV Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in Section I)

The AMC will calculate the NAVs for all the Business Days. The NAV of the Scheme shall be published at least in two daily newspapers on all Business Days. The Asset Management Company ("AMC") shall update the NAVs on the Association of Mutual Funds in India ("AMFI") website (www.amfiindia.com) before 9.00 p.m. every Business Day. The NAV will also be available on AMC website (www.growwmf.in). If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

The Mutual Fund and AMC shall publish the Scheme Portfolio within ten days from the close of month. Mutual Fund / AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month / half year of the scheme on its website (www.growwmf.in) & on the website of AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month / half year respectively in a



downloadable spreadsheet format. The Mutual fund / AMC shall host half yearly unaudited scheme financials on its website (www.growwmf.in) & on the website of AMFI within 1 month from the close of each half year (i.e. 31st March & 30th September).

The Mutual Fund and AMC will make available the Annual Report of the Scheme within four months of the end of the financial year.

D. Transaction charges and stamp duty

Transaction charges shall not be deducted for:

- Purchases /subscriptions for an amount less than Rs. 10,000/-; and
- Transactions other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switches, etc.
- Any purchase/subscription made directly with the Fund (i.e. not through any distributor).
- Transactions carried out through the stock exchange platforms.

Applicability of Stamp Duty: Pursuant to Notification No. S. O. 1226 (E) and G.S.R 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value shall be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent. The stamp duty will be deducted from the net investment amount i.e. gross investment amount less any other deduction like transaction charge. Units will be created only for the balance amount i.e. Net Investment Amount as reduced by the stamp duty. The stamp duty will be computed at the rate of 0.005% on an inclusive method basis.

For instance: If the transaction amount is Rs. 100100 /- and the transaction charge is Rs. 100, the stamp duty will be calculated as follows: ((Transaction Amount – Transaction Charge) *0.005%) = Rs.5. If the applicable Net Asset Value (NAV) is Rs. 10 per unit, then units allotted will be calculated as follows: (Transaction Amount – Transaction Charge – Stamp Duty)/ Applicable NAV = 9.999.50 units.

For details please refer SAI.

- E. Associate Transactions- Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)
- F. Taxation-For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

Particulars	Resident Investors	Non-Resident Investors	Mutual Fund
Dividend			
TDS*	10% (if dividend income exceeds INR 5,000 in a financial year)	20%+ applicable Surcharge + 4% Cess ²	NIL



Tax Rates	Individual/HUF:	20%+ applicable	
	Income tax rate applicable	Surcharge + 4%	
	to the Unitholders as per	Cess ²	
	their income slabs		
	Domestic Company:		
	30% + Surcharge as		
	applicable + 4% Cess ²		NIL
	25% ³ +Surcharge as		
	applicable + 4% Cess ²		
	22% ⁴ + 10% Surcharge ⁴ +		
	4% Cess ²		
	15% ⁴ + 10% Surcharge ⁴ +		
20 1 2 2 1 1 1 7	4% Cess ²		
Capital Gains 157			
Long-Term (Period of holding	20% with indexation +	20% with indexation	
more than 36 months) ⁶	applicable Surcharge +	+ applicable	NIL
	4% Cess ²	Surcharge + 4%	NIL
		Cess ²	
Short Term (Period of holding	Individual/HUF:	Non-resident	
less than 36 months)	Income tax rate applicable	(other than	
	to the Unitholders as per	Foreign Company)	
	their income slabs	Income tax rate	
	Domestic Company:	applicable to the	
	30% + Surcharge as	Unitholders as per	
	applicable + 4% Cess ²	their income slabs	NIL
	25% +Surcharge as	Foreign Company:	
	applicable + 4% Cess ²	40% + Surcharge	
	22% + 10% Surcharge +	as applicable + 4%	
	4% Cess ²	Cess ²	
	15% + 10% Surcharge +		
	4% Cess ²		

- G. Rights of Unitholders-Please refer to SAI for details.
- H. List of official points of acceptance: Please refer to www.growwmf.in for a complete list of Official points of acceptance.
- I. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for Which Action May Have Been Taken or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

The said information has been disclosed in good faith as per the information available to the AMC at Downloads - Groww Mutual Funds (growwmf.in)

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.



The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Board of Directors of Groww Trustee Limited (formerly known as Indiabulls Trustee Company Limited) of Groww Mutual Fund (formerly known as Indiabulls Mutual Fund) on September 29, 2018. The Board of Directors of Groww Trustee Limited (formerly known as Indiabulls Trustee Company Limited) has ensured that the Scheme is a new product offered by Groww Mutual Fund (formerly known as Indiabulls Mutual Fund) and is not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

The Scheme Information Document is an updated version of the same in line with the current laws/ regulations and other developments.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Groww Asset Management Ltd. (formerly known as Indiabulls Asset Management Co. Ltd.)

Sd/-

Varun Gupta

CEO

Date: June 26, 2024 Place: Mumbai

Name of Registrar: KFin Technologies Ltd. Selenium, Tower B, Plot number 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad- 500 032

Contact Number - 1800-309-4034 Email Id - investorsupport.mfs@kfintech.com, Website Address - www.kfintech.com, Website Address -

LIST OF COLLECTION CENTRES

AMC Investor Service Centres:

Mumbai: 1202A - 12A Floor, One World Centre, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400013, Maharashtra

Tele-+91 22 69744435

Customer Support Email Id - support@growwmf.in

Customer Support Number - 80501 80222

Time stamping branch

MFCentral:

With effect from September 24, 2021 MFCentral has been designated as Official point of acceptance of Groww Mutual Fund (formerly known as Indiabulls Mutual Fund) for non-financial transactions. The same can be accessed using https://mfcentral.com/ Any registered user of MFCentral, requiring submission of physical document as per the requirements of MFCentral, may do so at any of the designated Investor Service Centres or collection centres of KFIN or CAMS.

Name of RTA- KFin Technologies Ltd Contact details: 1800-309-4034

Website:www.https://www.kfintech.com

Investor Service Centres: KFin Technologies Ltd

<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
1	MFS	Bangalore	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd No 35 Puttanna Road Basavanagudi Bangalore 560004



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
2	MFS	Belgaum	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd Premises No.101 Cts No.1893 Shree Guru Darshani Tower Anandwadi Hindwadi Belgaum 590011
3	MFS	Bellary	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ground Floor 3Rd Office Near Womens College Road Beside Amruth Diagnostic Shanthi Archade Bellary 583103
4	MFS	Davangere	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd D.No 162/6 1St Floor 3Rd Main P J Extension Davangere Taluk Davangere Manda Davangere 577002
5	MFS	Gulbarga	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd H No 2-231 Krishna Complex 2Nd Floor Opp. Opp. Municipal Corporation Office Jagat Station Main Road Kalaburagi Gulbarga 585105
6	MFS	Hassan	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd Sas No: 490 Hemadri Arcade 2Nd Main Road Salgame Road Near Brahmins Boys Hostel Hassan 573201
7	MFS	Hubli	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd R R Mahalaxmi Mansion Above Indusind Bank 2Nd Floor Desai Cross Pinto Road Hubballi 580029
8	MFS	Mangalore	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No - 305 Marian Paradise Plaza 3Rd Floor Bunts Hostel Road Mangalore - 575003 Dakshina Kannada Karnataka
9	MFS	Margoa	Goa	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No 21 Osia Mall 1St Floor Near Ktc Bus Stand Sgdpa Market Complex Margao - 403601
10	MFS	Mysore	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd No 2924 2Nd Floor 1St Main 5Th Cross Saraswathi Puram Mysore 570009
11	MFS	Panjim	Goa	Kfin Technologies Ltd H. No: T-9 T-10 Affran Plaza 3Rd Floor Near Don Bosco High School Panjim 403001
12	MFS	Shimoga	Karnataka	Kfin Technologies Ltd Jayarama Nilaya 2Nd Corss Mission Compound Shimoga 577201
13	MFS	Ahmedabad	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office No. 401 On 4Th Floor Abc-I Off. C.G. Road - Ahmedabad 380009
14	MFS	Anand	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd B-42 Vaibhav Commercial Center Nr Tvs Down Town Shrow Room Grid Char Rasta Anand 380001
15	MFS	Baroda	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floor 125 Kanha Capital Opp. Express Hotel R C Dutt Road Alkapuri Vadodara 390007
16	MFS	Bharuch	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 123 Nexus Business Hub Near Gangotri Hotel B/S Rajeshwari Petroleum Makampur Road Bharuch 392001



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
17	MFS	Bhavnagar	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 303 Sterling Point Waghawadi Road - Bhavnagar 364001
18	MFS	Gandhidham	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop # 12 Shree Ambica Arcade Plot # 300 Ward 12. Opp. Cg High School Near Hdfc Bank Gandhidham 370201
19	MFS	Gandhinagar	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 123 First Floor Megh Malhar Complex Opp. Vijay Petrol Pump Sector - 11 Gandhinagar 382011
20	MFS	Jamnagar	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 131 Madhav Plazza Opp Sbi Bank Nr Lal Bunglow Jamnagar 361008
21	MFS	Junagadh	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 201 2Nd Floor V-Arcade Complex Near Vanzari Chowk M.G. Road Junagadh 362001
22	MFS	Mehsana	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ff-21 Someshwar Shopping Mall Modhera Char Rasta - Mehsana 384002
23	MFS	Nadiad	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 311-3Rd Floor City Center Near Paras Circle - Nadiad 387001
24	MFS	Navsari	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 103 1St Floore Landmark Mall Near Sayaji Library Navsari Gujarat Navsari 396445
25	MFS	Rajkot	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 302 Metro Plaza Near Moti Tanki Chowk Rajkot Rajkot Gujarat 360001
26	MFS	Surat	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ground Floor Empire State Building Near Udhna Darwaja Ring Road Surat 395002
27	MFS	Valsad	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd 406 Dreamland Arcade Opp Jade Blue Tithal Road Valsad 396001
28	MFS	Vapi	Gujarat	Kfin Technologies Ltd A-8 Second Floor Solitaire Business Centre Opp Dcb Bank Gidc Char Rasta Silvassa Road Vapi 396191
29	MFS	Chennai	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd 9Th Floor Capital Towers 180 Kodambakkam High Road Nungambakkam Chennai – 600 034
30	MFS	Calicut	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd Second Floor Manimuriyil Centre Bank Road Kasaba Village Calicut 673001
31	MFS	Cochin	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd Door No:61/2784 Second floor Sreelakshmi Tower Chittoor Road, Ravipuram Ernakulam-Kerala-682015
32	MFS	Kannur	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Floor Global Village Bank Road Kannur 670001
33	MFS	Kollam	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd Sree Vigneswara Bhavan Shastri Junction Kollam - 691001



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
34	MFS	Kottayam	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floor Csiascension Square Railway Station Road Collectorate P O Kottayam 686002
35	MFS	Palghat	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd No: 20 & 21 Metro Complex H.P.O.Road Palakkad H.P.O.Road Palakkad 678001
36	MFS	Tiruvalla	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Floorerinjery Complex Ramanchira Opp Axis Bank Thiruvalla 689107
37	MFS	Trichur	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd 4Th Floor Crown Tower Shakthan Nagar Opp. Head Post Office Thrissur 680001
38	MFS	Trivandrum	Kerala	Kfin Technologies Ltd, 3rdFloor, No- 3B TC-82/3417, CAPITOL CENTER, OPP SECRETARIAT, MG ROAD, TRIVANDRUM-695001
39	MFS	Coimbatore	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd 3Rd Floor Jaya Enclave 1057 Avinashi Road - Coimbatore 641018
40	MFS	Erode	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd Address No 38/1 Ground Floor Sathy Road (Vctv Main Road) Sorna Krishna Complex Erode 638003
41	MFS	Karur	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd No 88/11 Bb Plaza Nrmp Street K S Mess Back Side Karur 639002
42	MFS	Madurai	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd No. G-16/17 Ar Plaza 1St Floor North Veli Street Madurai 625001
43	MFS	Nagerkoil	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd Hno 45 1St Floor East Car Street Nagercoil 629001
44	MFS	Pondicherry	Pondicherry	Kfin Technologies Ltd No 122(10B) Muthumariamman Koil Street - Pondicherry 605001
45	MFS	Salem	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd No.6 Ns Complex Omalur Main Road Salem 636009
46	MFS	Tirunelveli	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd 55/18 Jeney Building 2Nd Floor S N Road Near Aravind Eye Hospital Tirunelveli 627001
47	MFS	Trichy	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd No 23C/1 E V R Road Near Vekkaliamman Kalyana Mandapam Putthur - Trichy 620017
48	MFS	Tuticorin	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd 4 - B A34 - A37 Mangalmal Mani Nagar Opp. Rajaji Park Palayamkottai Road Tuticorin 628003
49	MFS	Vellore	Tamil Nadu	Kfin Technologies Ltd No 2/19 1St Floor Vellore City Centre Anna Salai Vellore 632001



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
50	MFS	Agartala	Tripura	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ols Rms Chowmuhani Mantri Bari Road 1St Floor Near Jana Sevak Saloon Building Traffic Point Tripura West Agartala 799001
51	MFS	Guwahati	Assam	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ganapati Enclave 4Th Floor Opposite Bora Service Ullubari Guwahati Assam 781007
52	MFS	Shillong	Meghalaya	Kfin Technologies Ltd Annex Mani Bhawan Lower Thana Road Near R K M Lp School Shillong 793001
53	MFS	Silchar	Assam	Kfin Technologies Ltd N.N. Dutta Road Chowchakra Complex Premtala Silchar 788001
54	MFS	Ananthapur	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd. #13/4 Vishnupriya Complex Beside Sbi Bank Near Tower Clock Ananthapur-515001.
55	MFS	Guntur	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Shatter 1St Floor Hno. 6-14-48 14/2 Lane Arundal Pet Guntur 522002
56	MFS	Hyderabad	Telangana	Kfin Technologies Ltd No:303 Vamsee Estates Opp: Bigbazaar Ameerpet Hyderabad 500016
57	MFS	Karimnagar	Telangana	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Shutterhno. 7-2-607 Sri Matha Complex Mankammathota - Karimnagar 505001
58	MFS	Kurnool	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No:47 2Nd Floor S Komda Shoping Mall Kurnool 518001
59	MFS	Nanded	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No.4 Santakripa Market G G Road Opp.Bank Of India Nanded 431601
60	MFS	Rajahmundry	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd No. 46-23-10/A Tirumala Arcade 2Nd Floor Ganuga Veedhi Danavaipeta Rajahmundry East Godavari Dist Ap - 533103
61	MFS	Solapur	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No 106. Krishna Complex 477 Dakshin Kasaba Datta Chowk Solapur-413007
62	MFS	Srikakulam	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd D No 158, Shop No # 3, Kaki Street, Opp Tulasi Das Hospital, CB Road, Srikakulam Andhra Pradesh - 532001
63	MFS	Tirupathi	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No:18-1-421/F1 City Center K.T.Road Airtel Backside Office Tirupathi - 517501
64	MFS	Vijayawada	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Hno26-23 1St Floor Sundarammastreet Gandhinagar Krishna Vijayawada 520010



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
65	MFS	Visakhapatnam	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Dno: 48-10-40 Ground Floor Surya Ratna Arcade Srinagar Opp Roadto Lalitha Jeweller Showroom Beside Taj Hotel Ladge Visakhapatnam 530016
66	MFS	Warangal	Telangana	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No22 Ground Floor Warangal City Center 15-1-237 Mulugu Road Junction Warangal 506002
67	MFS	Khammam	Telangana	Kfin Technologies Ltd 11-4-3/3 Shop No. S-9 1St Floor Srivenkata Sairam Arcade Old Cpi Office Near Priyadarshini Collegenehru Nagar Khammam 507002
68	Collection Center	Hyderabad(Gachibowli)	Telangana	Kfin Technologies Ltd Selenium Plot No: 31 & 32 Tower B Survey No.115/22 115/24 115/25 Financial District Gachibowli Nanakramguda Serilimgampally Mandal Hyderabad 500032
69	MFS	Akola	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No 25 Ground Floor Yamuna Tarang Complex Murtizapur Road N.H. No- 6 Opp Radhakrishna Talkies Akola 444001 Maharashthra
70	MFS	Amaravathi	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 21 2Nd Floor Gulshan Tower Near Panchsheel Talkies Jaistambh Square Amaravathi 444601
71	MFS	Aurangabad	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No B 38 Motiwala Trade Center Nirala Bazar Aurangabad 431001
72	MFS	Bhopal	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Sf-13 Gurukripa Plaza Plot No. 48A Opposite City Hospital Zone-2 M P Nagar Bhopal 462011
73	MFS	Dhule	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ground Floor Ideal Laundry Lane No 4 Khol Galli Near Muthoot Finance Opp Bhavasar General Store Dhule 424001
74	MFS	Indore	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd. 101 Diamond Trade Center 3-4 Diamond Colony New Palasia Above Khurana Bakery Indore
75	MFS	Jabalpur	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Floor 290/1 (615-New) Near Bhavartal Garden Jabalpur - 482001
76	MFS	Jalgaon	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd 3Rd Floor 269 Jaee Plaza Baliram Peth Near Kishore Agencies Jalgaon 425001
77	MFS	Nagpur	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Plot No. 2 Block No. B / 1 & 2 Shree Apratment Khare Town Mata Mandir Road Dharampeth Nagpur 440010



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
78	MFS	Nasik	Maharashthra	Kfin Technologies Ltd S-9 Second Floor Suyojit Sankul Sharanpur Road Nasik 422002
79	MFS	Sagar	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ii Floor Above Shiva Kanch Mandir. 5 Civil Lines Sagar Sagar 470002
80	MFS	Ujjain	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Heritage Shop No. 227 87 Vishvavidhyalaya Marg Station Road Near Icici Bank Above Vishal Megha Mart Ujjain 456001
81	MFS	Asansol	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd 112/N G. T. Road Bhanga Pachil G.T Road Asansol Pin: 713 303; Paschim Bardhaman West Bengal Asansol 713303
82	MFS	Balasore	Orissa	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1-B. 1St Floor Kalinga Hotel Lane Baleshwar Baleshwar Sadar Balasore 756001
83	MFS	Bankura	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Plot Nos-80/1/Anatunchati Mahalla 3Rd Floor Ward No-24 Opposite P.C Chandra Bankura Town Bankura 722101
84	MFS	Berhampur (Or)	Orissa	Kfin Technologies Ltd Opp Divya Nandan Kalyan Mandap 3Rd Lane Dharam Nagar Near Lohiya Motor Berhampur (Or) 760001
85	MFS	Bhilai	Chatisgarh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office No.2 1St Floor Plot No. 9/6 Nehru Nagar [East] Bhilai 490020
86	MFS	Bhubaneswar	Orissa	Kfin Technologies Ltd A/181 Back Side Of Shivam Honda Show Room Saheed Nagar - Bhubaneswar 751007
87	MFS	Bilaspur	Chatisgarh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop.No.306 3Rd Floor Anandam Plaza Vyapar Vihar Main Road Bilaspur 495001
88	MFS	Bokaro	Jharkhand	Kfin Technologies Ltd City Centre Plot No. He-07 Sector-Iv Bokaro Steel City Bokaro 827004
89	MFS	Burdwan	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Saluja Complex; 846 Laxmipur GTRoad Burdwan; Ps: Burdwan & Dist: Burdwan-East Pin: 713101
90	MFS	Chinsura	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd No: 96 Po: Chinsurah Doctors Lane Chinsurah 712101
91	MFS	Cuttack	Orissa	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No-45 2Nd Floor Netaji Subas Bose Arcade (Big Bazar Building) Adjusent To Reliance Trends Dargha Bazar Cuttack 753001
92	MFS	Dhanbad	Jharkhand	Kfin Technologies Ltd 208 New Market 2Nd Floor Bank More - Dhanbad 826001



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
93	MFS	Durgapur	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Mwav-16 Bengal Ambuja 2Nd Floor City Centre Distt. Burdwan Durgapur-16 Durgapur 713216
94	MFS	Gaya	Bihar	Kfin Technologies Ltd Property No. 711045129 Ground Floorhotel Skylark Swaraipuri Road - Gaya 823001
95	MFS	Jalpaiguri	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd D B C Road Opp Nirala Hotel Opp Nirala Hotel Opp Nirala Hotel Jalpaiguri 735101
96	MFS	Jamshedpur	Jharkhand	Kfin Technologies Ltd Madhukunj 3Rd Floor Q Road Sakchi Bistupur East Singhbhum Jamshedpur 831001
97	MFS	Kharagpur	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Holding No 254/220 Sbi Building Malancha Road Ward No.16 Po: Kharagpur Ps: Kharagpur Dist: Paschim Medinipur Kharagpur 721304
98	MFS	Kolkata	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2/1 Russel Street 4Thfloor Kankaria Centre Kolkata 70001 Wb
99	MFS	Malda	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ram Krishna Pally; Ground Floor English Bazar - Malda 732101
100	MFS	Patna	Bihar	Kfin Technologies Ltd, Flat No 102, 2BHK Maa Bhawani Shardalay, Exhibition Road, Patna-800001
101	MFS	Raipur	Chatisgarh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office No S-13 Second Floor Reheja Tower Fafadih Chowk Jail Road Raipur 492001
102	MFS	Ranchi	Jharkhand	Kfin Technologies Ltd Room no 103, 1st Floor, Commerce Tower,Beside Mahabir Tower,Main Road, Ranchi -834001
103	MFS	Rourkela	Orissa	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Floor Main Road Udit Nagar Sundargarh Rourekla 769012
104	MFS	Sambalpur	Orissa	Kfin Technologies Ltd First Floor; Shop No. 219 Sahej Plaza Golebazar; Sambalpur Sambalpur 768001
105	MFS	Siliguri	West Bengal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Nanak Complex 2Nd Floor Sevoke Road - Siliguri 734001
106	MFS	Agra	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd House No. 17/2/4 2Nd Floor Deepak Wasan Plaza Behind Hotel Holiday Inn Sanjay Place Agra 282002
107	MFS	Aligarh	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floor Sevti Complex Near Jain Temple Samad Road Aligarh-202001



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
108	MFS	Allahabad	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Meena Bazar 2Nd Floor 10 S.P. Marg Civil Lines Subhash Chauraha Prayagraj Allahabad 211001
109	MFS	Ambala	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd 6349 2Nd Floor Nicholson Road Adjacent Kos Hospitalambala Cant Ambala 133001
110	MFS	Azamgarh	Uttar Pradesh	KFin Technologies Ltd Shop no. 18 Gr. Floor, Nagarpalika, Infront of Tresery office, Azamgarh, UP-276001
111	MFS	Bareilly	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floorrear Sidea - Square Building 54-Civil Lines Ayub Khan Chauraha Bareilly 243001
112	MFS	Begusarai	Bihar	KFin Technologies Limited, SRI RAM MARKET, KALI ASTHAN CHOWK, MATIHANI ROAD, BEGUSARAI, BIHAR - 851101
113	MFS	Bhagalpur	Bihar	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Floor Chandralok Complexghantaghar Radha Rani Sinha Road Bhagalpur 812001
114	MFS	Darbhanga	Bihar	KFin Technologies Limited, H No-185, Ward No-13, National Statistical office Campus, Kathalbari, Bhandar Chowk, Darbhanga, Bihar - 846004
115	MFS	Dehradun	Uttaranchal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No-809/799 Street No-2 A Rajendra Nagar Near Sheesha Lounge Kaulagarh Road Dehradun-248001
116	MFS	Deoria	Uttar pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd K. K. Plaza Above Apurwa Sweets Civil Lines Road Deoria 274001
117	MFS	Faridabad	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd A-2B 2Nd Floor Neelam Bata Road Peer Ki Mazar Nehru Groundnit Faridabad 121001
118	MFS	Ghaziabad	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ff - 31 Konark Building Rajnagar - Ghaziabad 201001
119	MFS	Ghazipur	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd House No. 148/19 Mahua Bagh Raini Katra- Ghazipur 233001
120	MFS	Gonda	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd H No 782 Shiv Sadan Iti Road Near Raghukul Vidyapeeth Civil Lines Gonda 271001
121	MFS	Gorakhpur	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No 8 & 9 4Th Floor Cross Road The Mall Bank Road Gorakhpur - 273001
122	MFS	Gurgaon	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd No: 212A 2Nd Floor Vipul Agora M. G. Road - Gurgaon 122001
123	MFS	Gwalior	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd City Centre Near Axis Bank - Gwalior 474011



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
124	MFS	Haldwani	Uttaranchal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shoop No 5 Kmvn Shoping Complex - Haldwani 263139
125	MFS	Haridwar	Uttaranchal	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No 17 Bhatia Complex Near Jamuna Palace Haridwar 249410
126	MFS	Hissar	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 20 Ground Floor R D City Centre Railway Road Hissar 125001
127	MFS	Jhansi	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floor Puja Tower Near 48 Chambers Elite Crossing Jhansi 284001
128	MFS	Kanpur	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 15/46 B Ground Floor Opp: Muir Mills Civil Lines Kanpur 208001
129	MFS	Lucknow	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Ist Floor A. A. Complex 5 Park Road Hazratganj Thaper House Lucknow 226001
130	MFS	Mandi	Himachal Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd House No. 99/11 3Rd Floor Opposite Gss Boy School School Bazar Mandi 175001
131	MFS	Mathura	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 9 Ground Floor Vihari Lal Plaza Opposite Brijwasi Centrum Near New Bus Stand Mathura 281001
132	MFS	Meerut	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No:- 111 First Floor Shivam Plaza Near Canara Bank Opposite Eves Petrol Pump Meerut-250001 Uttar Pradesh India
133	MFS	Mirzapur	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Triveni Campus Near Sbi Life Ratanganj Mirzapur 231001
134	MFS	Moradabad	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Chadha Complex G. M. D. Road Near Tadi Khana Chowk Moradabad 244001
135	MFS	Morena	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd House No. Hig 959 Near Court Front Of Dr. Lal Lab Old Housing Board Colony Morena 476001
136	MFS	Muzaffarpur	Bihar	Kfin Technologies Ltd First Floor Saroj Complex Diwam Road Near Kalyani Chowk Muzaffarpur 842001
137	MFS	Noida	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd F-21 2Nd Floor Near Kalyan Jewelers Sector-18 Noida 201301
138	MFS	Panipat	Haryana	KFin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 20 1St Floor Bmk Market Behind Hive Hotel G.T.Road Panipat-132103 Haryana
139	MFS	Renukoot	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd C/O Mallick Medical Store Bangali Katra Main Road Dist. Sonebhadra (U.P.) Renukoot 231217



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
140	MFS	Rewa	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 2 Shree Sai Anmol Complex Ground Floor Opp Teerth Memorial Hospital Rewa 486001
141	MFS	Rohtak	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office No:- 61 First Floor Ashoka Plaza Delhi Road Rohtak 124001.
142	MFS	Roorkee	Uttaranchal	KFin Technologies Ltd Near Shri Dwarkadhish Dharm Shala, Ramnagar, Roorkee-247667
143	MFS	Satna	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floor Gopal Complex Near Bus Stand Rewa Roa Satna 485001
144	MFS	Shimla	Himachal Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floor Hills View Complex Near Tara Hall Shimla 171001
145	MFS	Shivpuri	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd A. B. Road In Front Of Sawarkar Park Near Hotel Vanasthali Shivpuri 473551
146	MFS	Sitapur	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 12/12 Surya Complex Station Road Uttar Pradesh Sitapur 261001
147	MFS	Solan	Himachal Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Disha Complex 1St Floor Above Axis Bank Rajgarh Road Solan 173212
148	MFS	Sonepat	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 205 Pp Tower Opp Income Tax Office Subhash Chowk Sonepat. 131001.
149	MFS	Sultanpur	Uttar Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floor Ramashanker Market Civil Line - Sultanpur 228001
150	MFS	Varanasi	Uttar Pradesh	KFin Technologies Ltd D.64 / 52, G – 4 Arihant Complex , Second Floor ,Madhopur, Shivpurva Sigra ,Near Petrol Pump Varanasi -221010
151	MFS	Yamuna Nagar	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd B-V 185/A 2Nd Floor Jagadri Road Near Dav Girls College (Uco Bank Building) Pyara Chowk - Yamuna Nagar 135001
152	MFS	Kolhapur	Maharashtra	Kfin Technologies Ltd 605/1/4 E Ward Shahupuri 2Nd Lane Laxmi Niwas Near Sultane Chambers Kolhapur 416001
153	MFS	Mumbai	Maharashtra	Kfin Technologies Ltd 6/8 Ground Floor Crossley House Near Bse (Bombay Stock Exchange)Next Union Bank Fort Mumbai - 400 001
154	MFS	Pune	Maharashtra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office # 207-210 Second Floor Kamla Arcade Jm Road. Opposite Balgandharva Shivaji Nagar Pune 411005



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
155	Collection Center	Vashi	Maharashtra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Vashi Plaza Shop No. 324 C Wing 1St Floor Sector 17 Vashi Mumbai 400703
156	Collection Center	Vile Parle	Maharashtra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No.1 Ground Floor Dipti Jyothi Co-Operative Housing Society Near Mtnl Office P M Road Vile Parle East 400057
157	Collection Center	Borivali	Maharashtra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Gomati Smutiground Floor Jambli Gully Near Railway Station Borivali Mumbai 400 092
158	Collection Center	Thane	Maharashtra	Kfin Technologies Ltd Room No. 302 3Rd Floorganga Prasad Near Rbl Bank Ltd Ram Maruti Cross Roadnaupada Thane West Mumbai 400602
159	MFS	Ajmer	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd 302 3Rd Floor Ajmer Auto Building Opposite City Power House Jaipur Road; Ajmer 305001
160	MFS	Alwar	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office Number 137 First Floor Jai Complex Road No-2 Alwar 301001
161	MFS	Amritsar	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd Sco 5 2Nd Floor District Shopping Complex Ranjit Avenue Amritsar 143001
162	MFS	Bhatinda	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd Mcb -Z-3-01043 2 Floor Goniana Road Opporite Nippon India Mf Gt Road Near Hanuman Chowk Bhatinda 151001
163	MFS	Bhilwara	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office No. 14 B Prem Bhawan Pur Road Gandhi Nagar Near Canarabank Bhilwara 311001
164	MFS	Bikaner	Rajasthan	KFin Technologies Limited H.No. 10, Himtasar House, Museum circle, Civil line, Bikaner, Rajasthan - 334001
165	MFS	Chandigarh	Union Territory	Kfin Technologies Ltd First Floor Sco 2469- 70 Sec. 22-C - Chandigarh 160022
166	MFS	Ferozpur	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd The Mall Road Chawla Bulding Ist Floor Opp. Centrail Jail Near Hanuman Mandir Ferozepur 152002
167	MFS	Hoshiarpur	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd Unit # Sf-6 The Mall Complex 2Nd Floor Opposite Kapila Hospital Sutheri Road Hoshiarpur 146001
168	MFS	Jaipur	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office No 101 1St Floor Okay Plus Tower Next To Kalyan Jewellers Government Hostel Circle Ajmer Road Jaipur 302001
169	MFS	Jalandhar	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd Office No 7 3Rd Floor City Square Building E-H197 Civil



<u>S.NO</u>	Branch Type	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
				Line Next To Kalyan Jewellers Jalandhar 144001
170	MFS	Jammu	Jammu & Kashmir	Kfin Technologies.Ltd 1D/D Extension 2 Valmiki Chowk Gandhi Nagar Jammu 180004 State - J&K
171	MFS	Jodhpur	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 6 Gang Tower G Floor Opposite Arora Moter Service Centre Near Bombay Moter Circle Jodhpur 342003
172	MFS	Karnal	Haryana	Kfin Technologies Ltd 3 Randhir Colony Near Doctor J.C.Bathla Hospital Karnal (Haryana) 132001
173	MFS	Kota	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd D-8 Shri Ram Complex Opposite Multi Purpose School Gumanpur Kota 324007
174	MFS	Ludhiana	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd Sco 122 Second Floor Above Hdfc Mutual Fun Feroze Gandhi Market Ludhiana 141001
175	MFS	Moga	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd 1St Floordutt Road Mandir Wali Gali Civil Lines Barat Ghar Moga 142001
176	MFS	New Delhi	New Delhi	Kfin Technologies Ltd 305 New Delhi House 27 Barakhamba Road - New Delhi 110001
177	MFS	Pathankot	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd 2Nd Floor Sahni Arcade Complex Adj.Indra Colony Gate Railway Road Pathankot Pathankot 145001
178	MFS	Patiala	Punjab	Kfin Technologies Ltd B- 17/423 Lower Mall Patiala Opp Modi College Patiala 147001
179	MFS	Sikar	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd First Floorsuper Tower Behind Ram Mandir Near Taparya Bagichi - Sikar 332001
180	MFS	Sri Ganganagar	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd Address Shop No. 5 Opposite Bihani Petrol Pump Nh - 15 Near Baba Ramdev Mandir Sri Ganganagar 335001
181	MFS	Udaipur	Rajasthan	Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop No. 202 2Nd Floor Business Centre 1C Madhuvan Opp G P O Chetak Circle Udaipur 313001
182	MFS	Eluru	Andhra Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd Dno-23A-7-72/73K K S Plaza Munukutla Vari Street Opp Andhra Hospitals R R Peta Eluru 534002
183	MFS	chandrapur	Madhya Pradesh	Kfin Technologies Ltd C/o Global Financial Services,2nd Floor, Raghuwanshi Complex,Near Azad Garden, Chandrapur, Maharashtra-442402



S.NO	Branch	Branch Name	State	Consolidated Current Address
	Type			Kfin Technologies Ltd 11/Platinum Mall,
		Ghatkopar	Maharashtra	Jawahar Road, Ghatkopar (East), Mumbai
184	MFS	Спаткораг	Ivialiarasilua	400077
		C - 4	M-11	Kfin Technologies Ltd G7, 465 A, Govind
185	MFS	Satara	Maharashtra	Park Satar Bazaar, Satara - 415001
				Kfin Technologies Ltd Shop no. 2, Plot No.
		Ahmednagar	Maharashtra	17, S.no 322, Near Ganesh Colony, Savedi,
186	MFS			Ahmednagar - 414001
				Kfin Technologies Ltd 24-6-326/1, Ibaco
		Nellore		Building 4th Floor, Grand Truck road, Beside
		Nellore		Hotel Minerva, Saraswathi Nagar, Dargamitta
187	MFS		Andhra Pradesh	Nellore - 524003
				KFin Technologies Limited Seasons Business
		Kalyan	Maharashtra	Centre, 104 / 1st Floor, Shivaji Chowk,
		Karyan	Tvianarasinia	Opposite KDMC (Kalyan Dombivali
188	MFS			Mahanagar Corporation) Kalyan - 421301
				KFin Technologies Limited Office No.202,
		Korba		2nd floor, ICRC, QUBE, 97, T.P. Nagar,
189	MFS		Chhattisgarh	Korba -495677
				KFin Technologies Limited 106 Rajaswa
		Ratlam		Colony, Near Sailana Bus Stand, Ratlam
190	MFS		Madhya Pradesh	(M.P.) 457001
		Tinsukia		KFin Technologies Limited 3rd Floor,
191	MFS	imsukia	Assam	Chirwapatty Road, Tinsukia-786125, Assam

SCSBs:

Please visit the website www.sebi.gov.in for the list of SCSBs. You may also check with your bank for the ASBA facility.